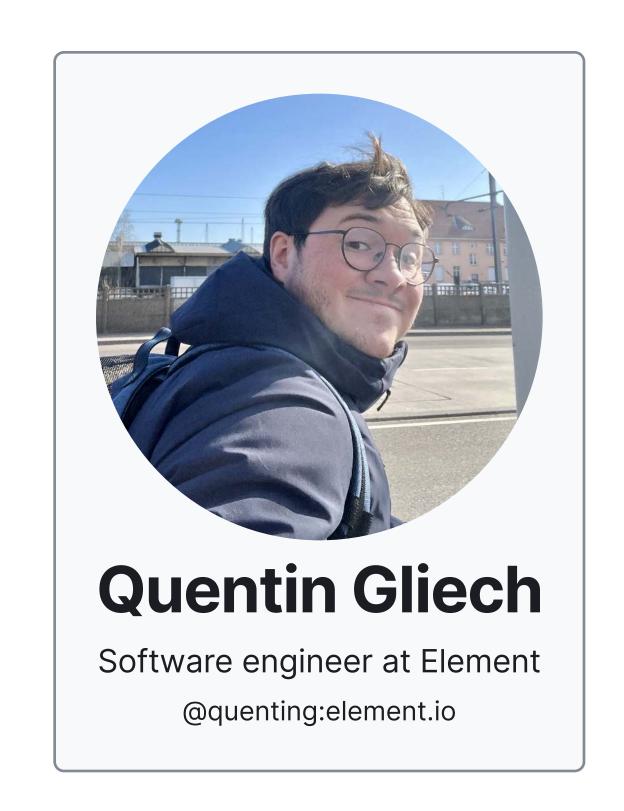
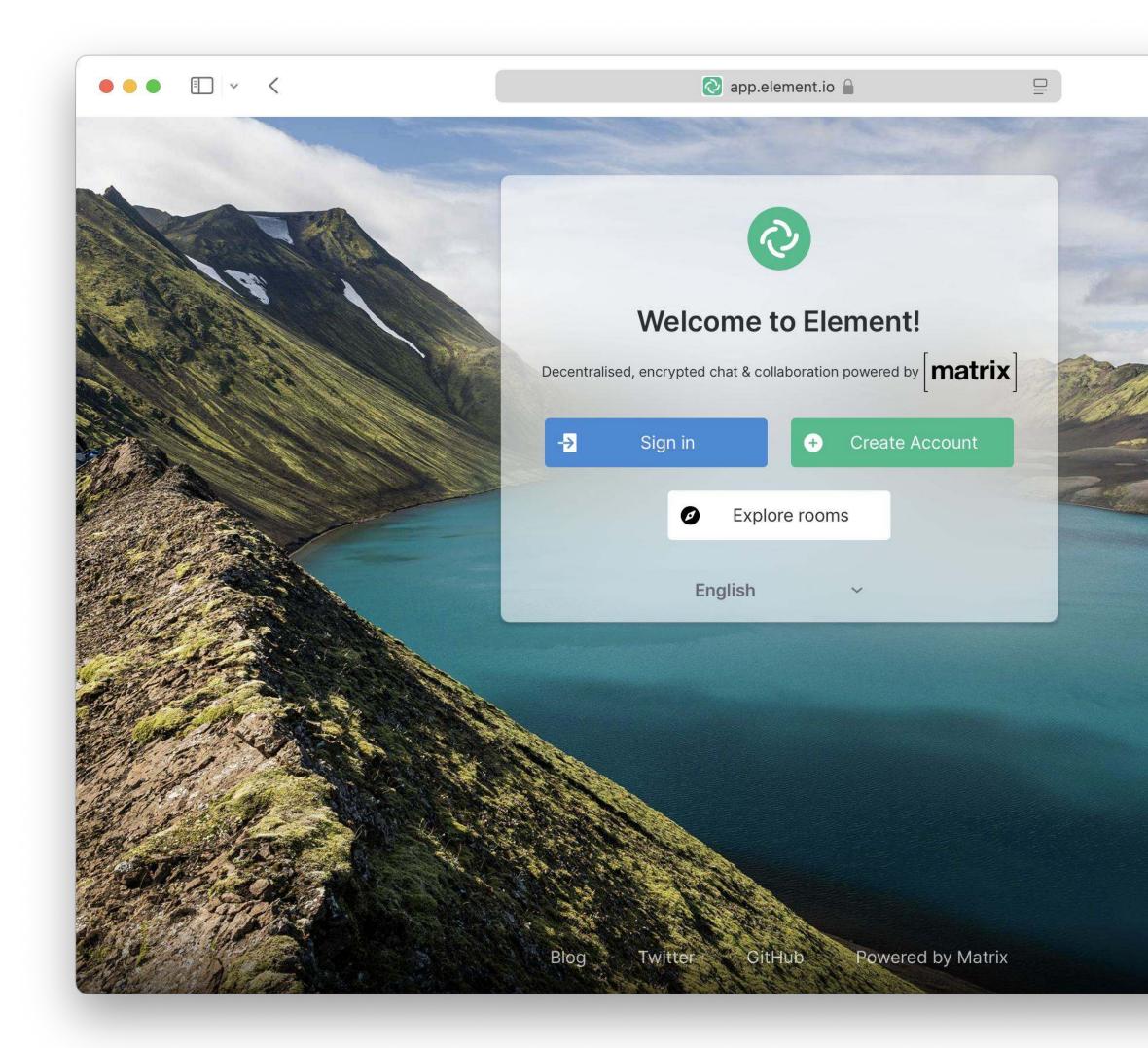
Harder, better, faster, stronger authentication with OpenID Connect

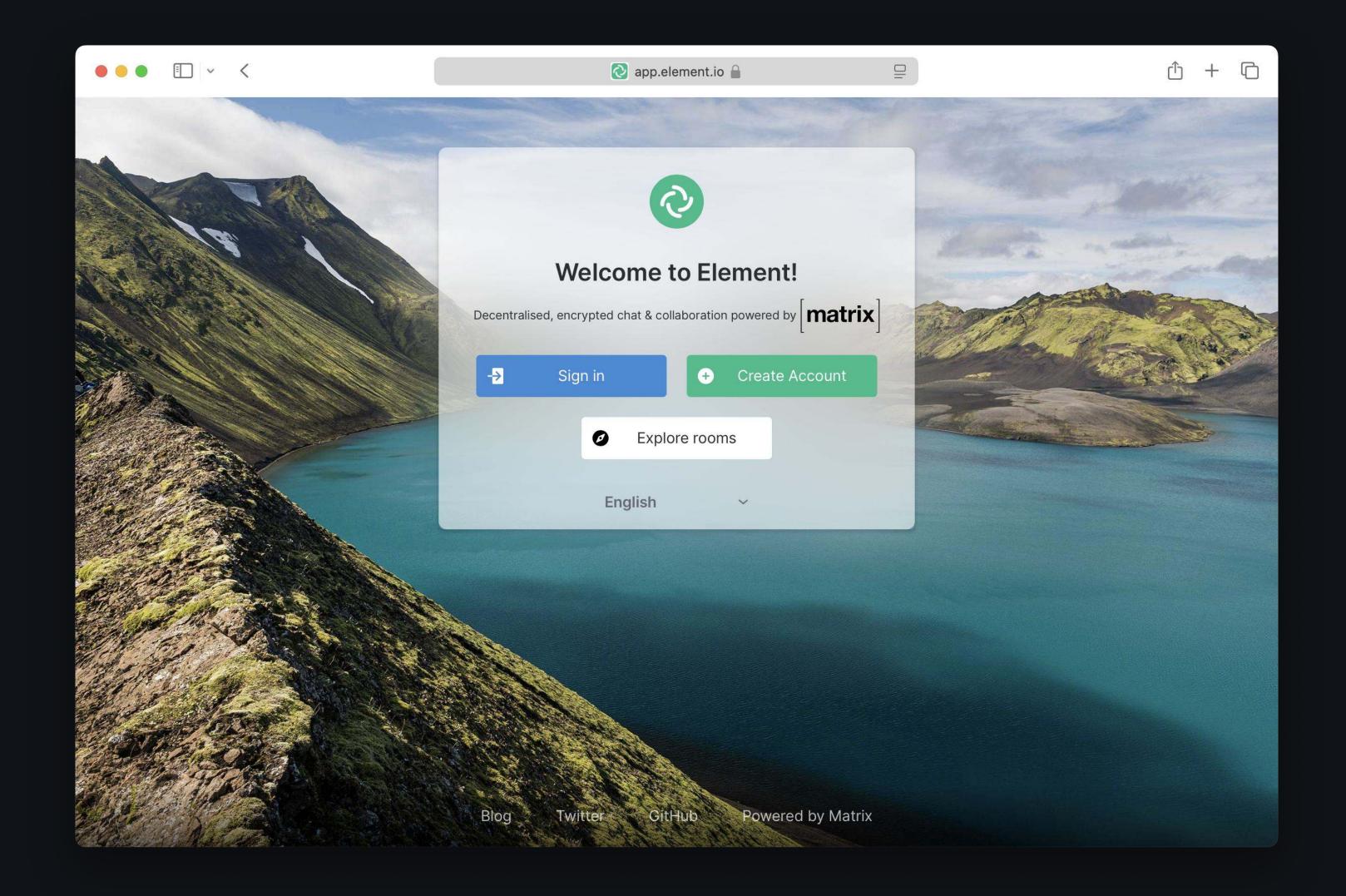
Overview of the next-gen authentication stack for Matrix

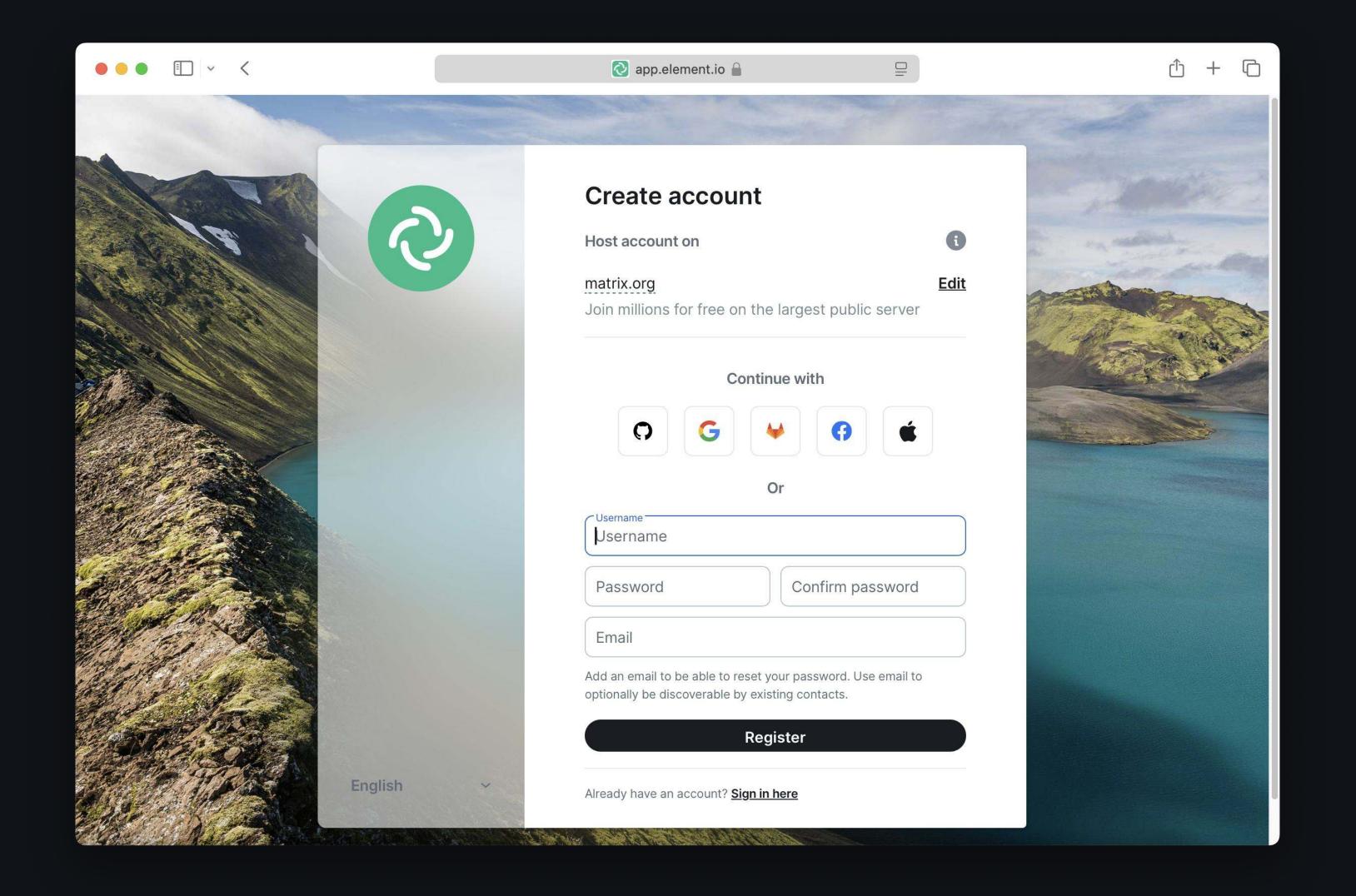


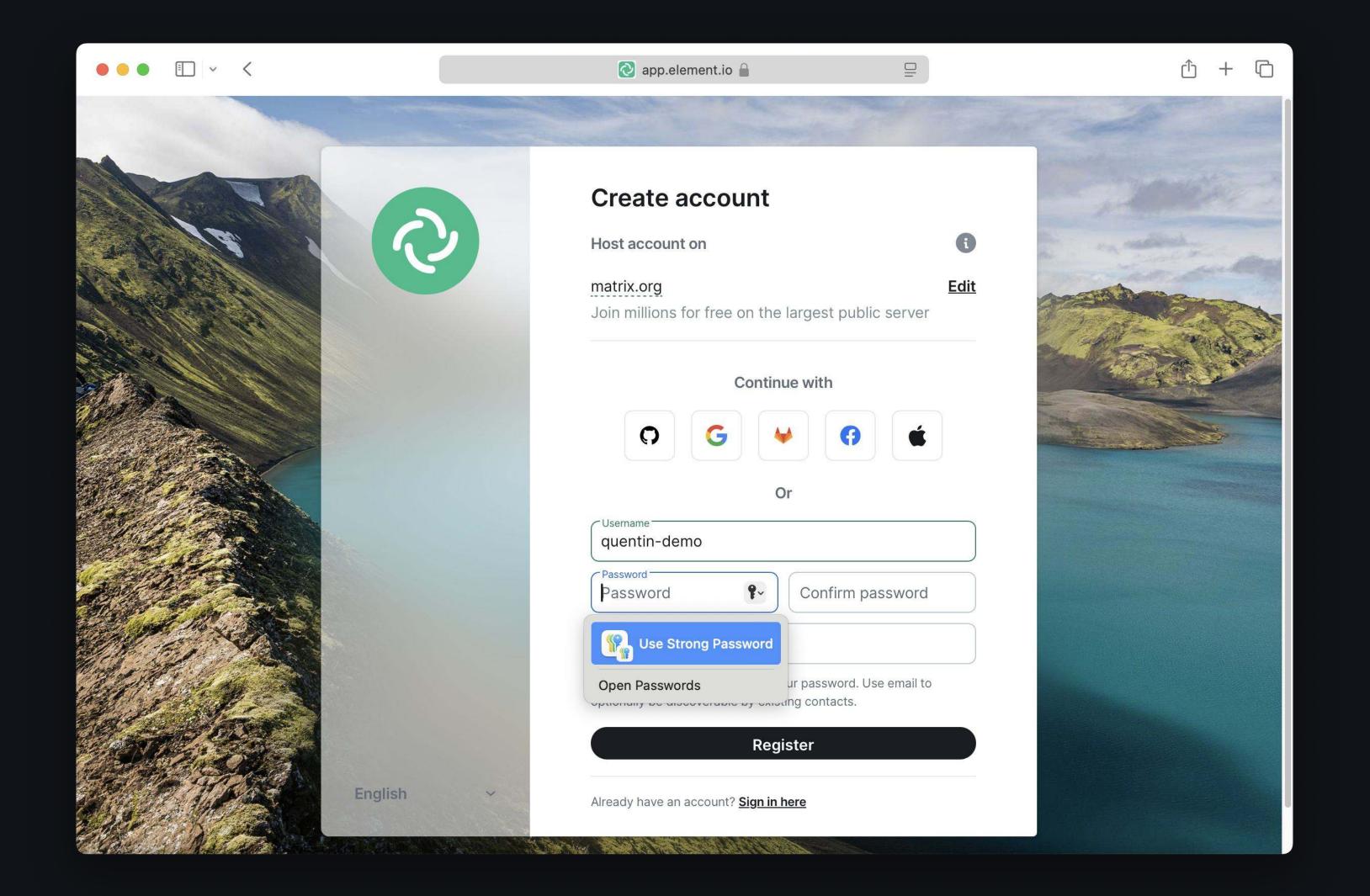
Let me show you first

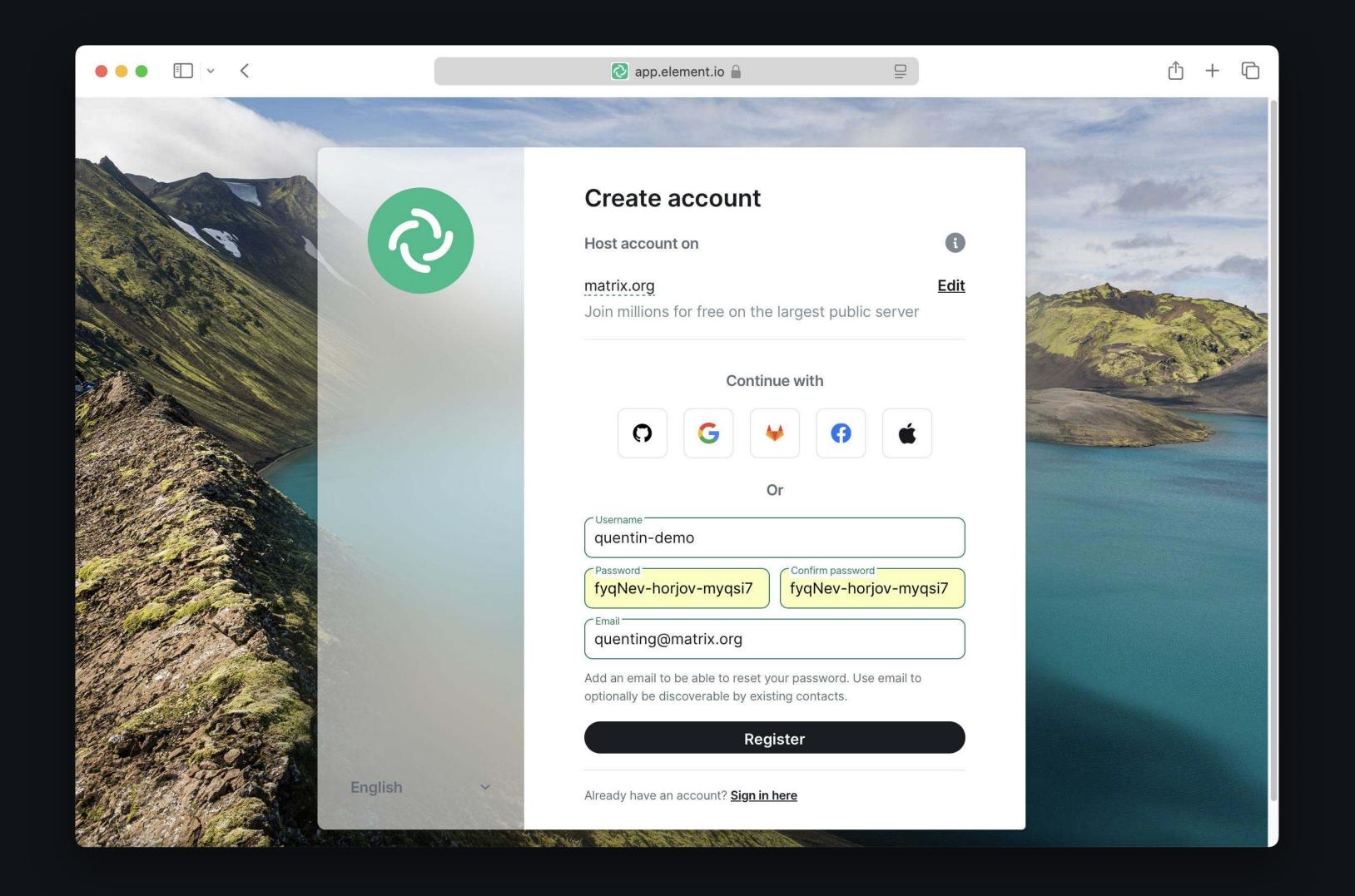
I'm a new Matrix user, registering a new account in Element Web

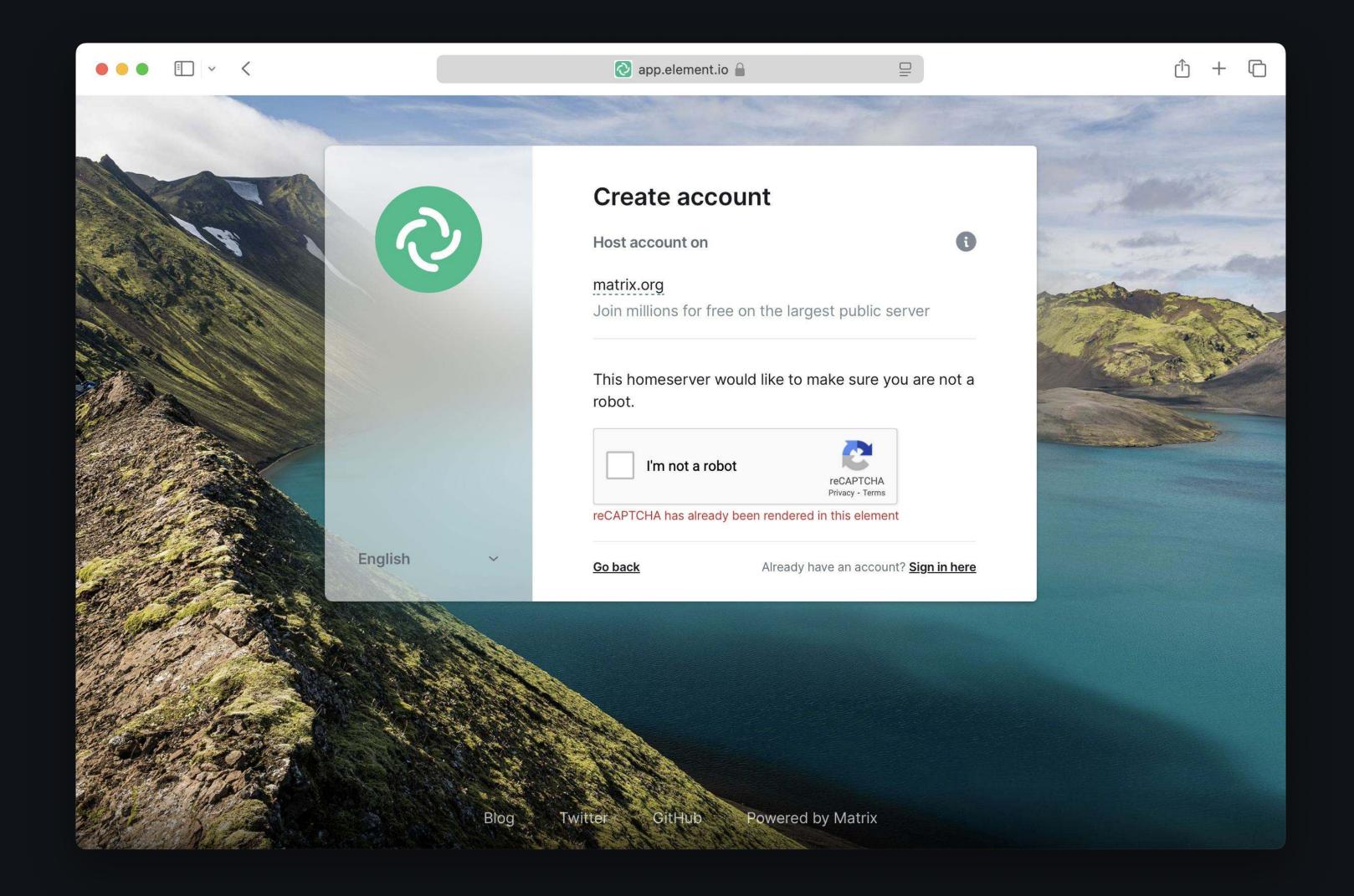


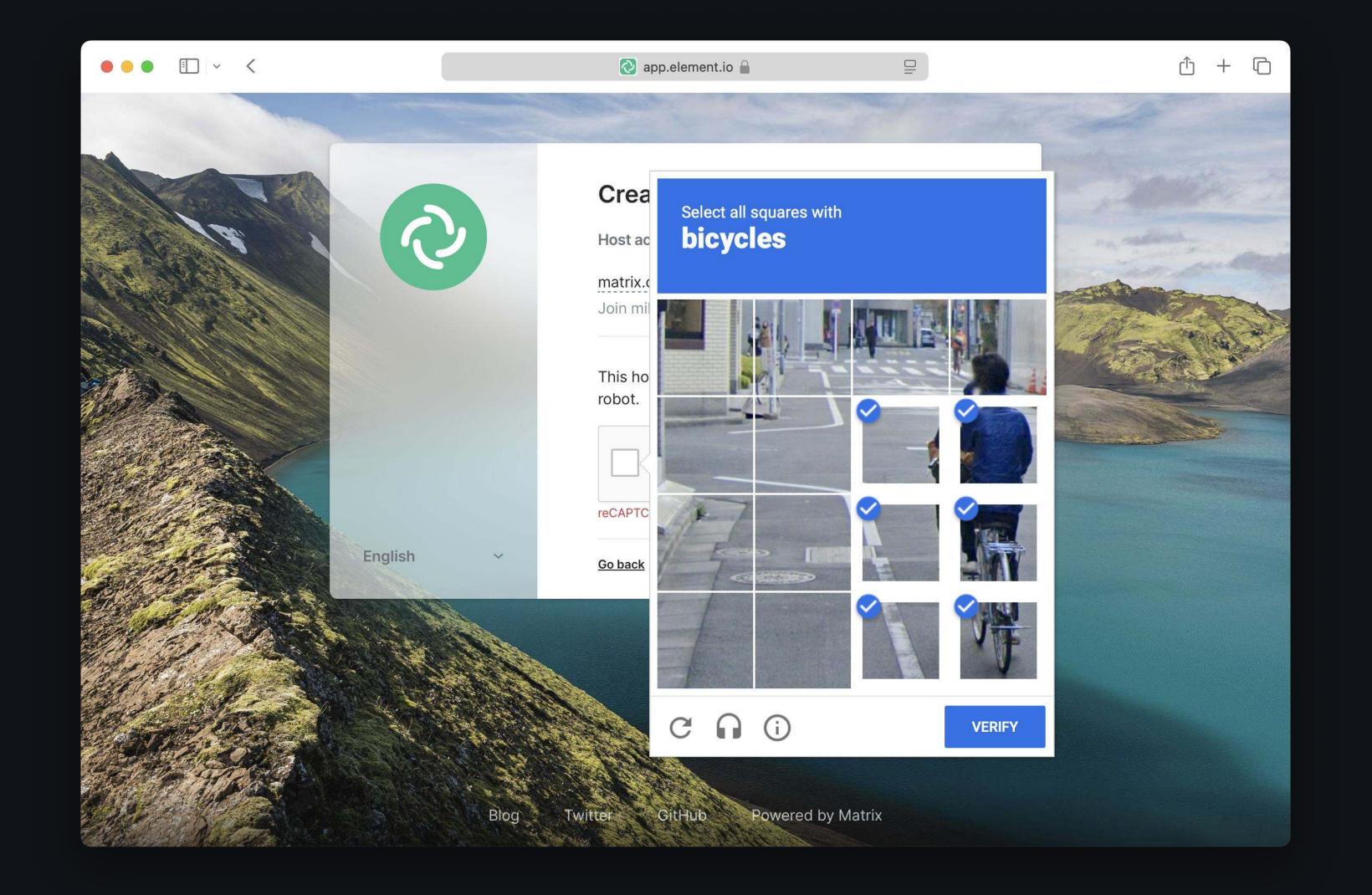


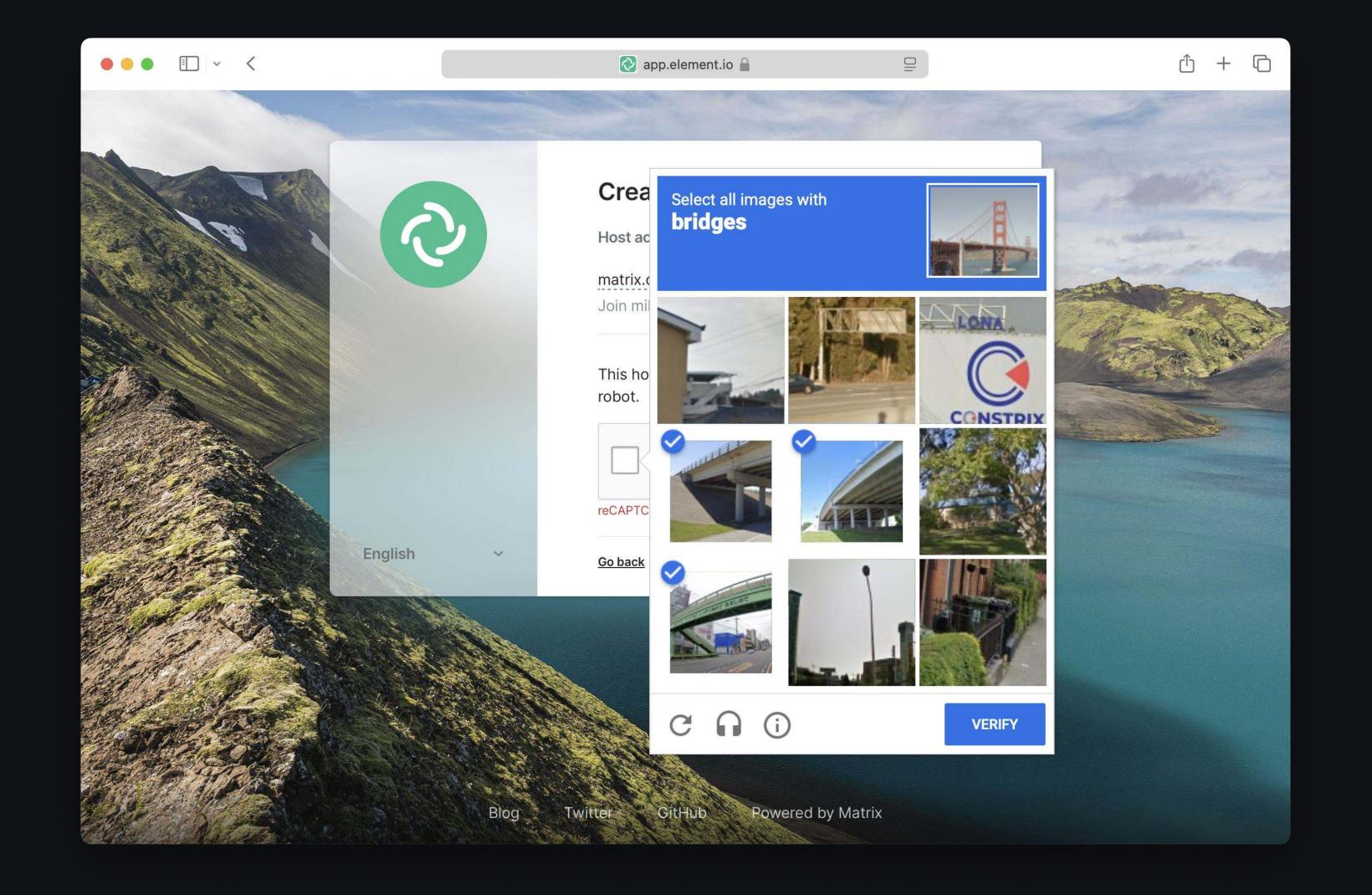


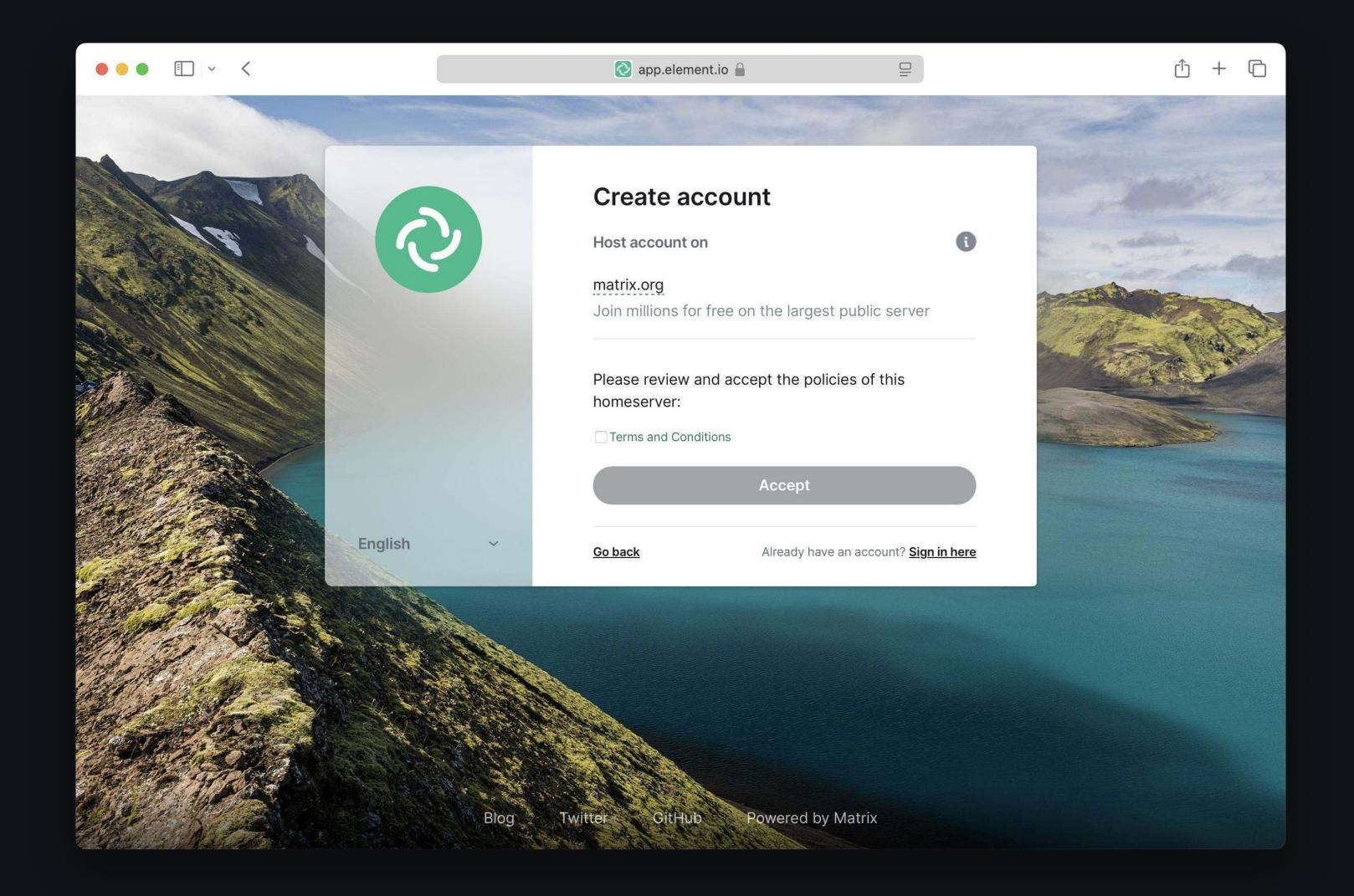


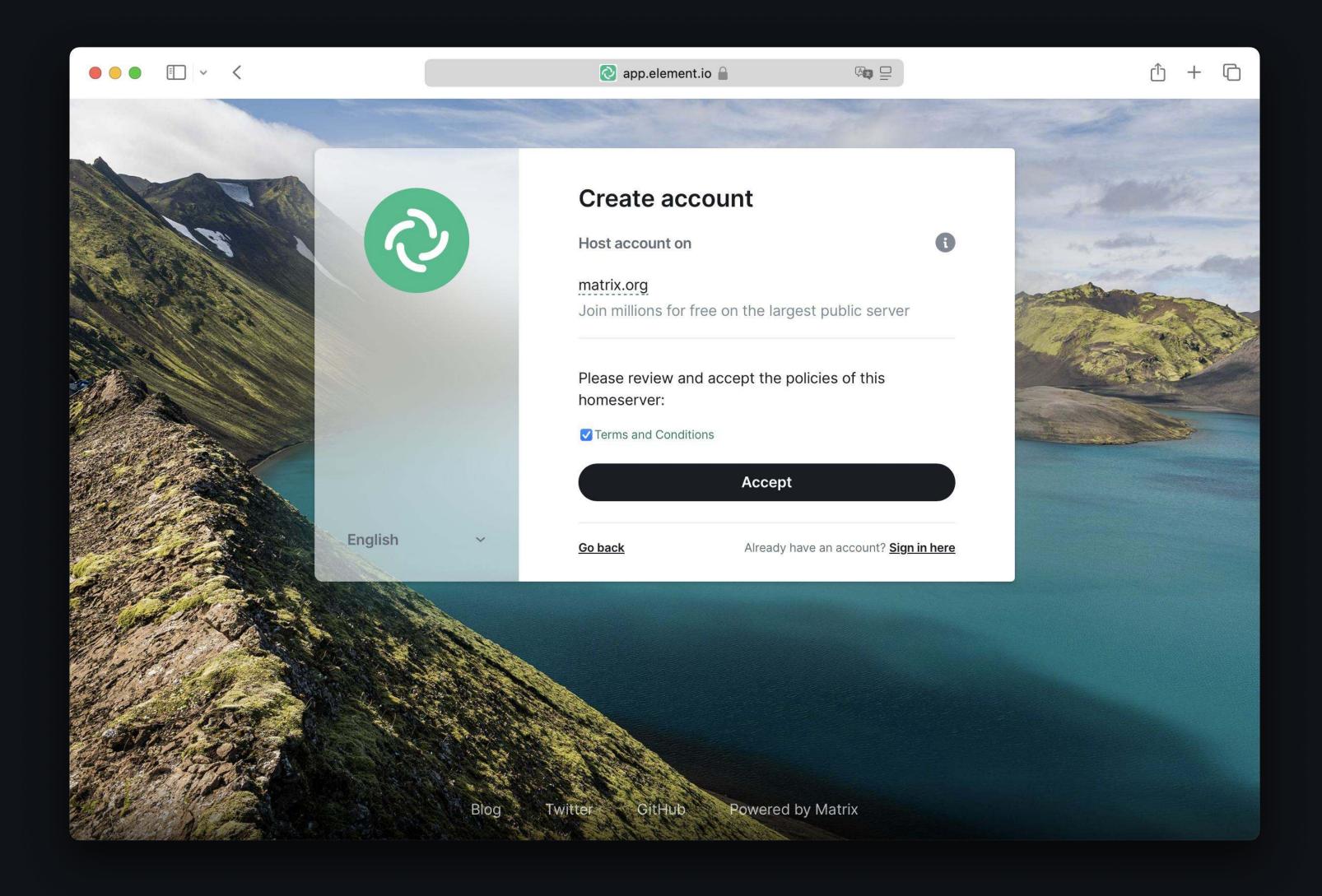


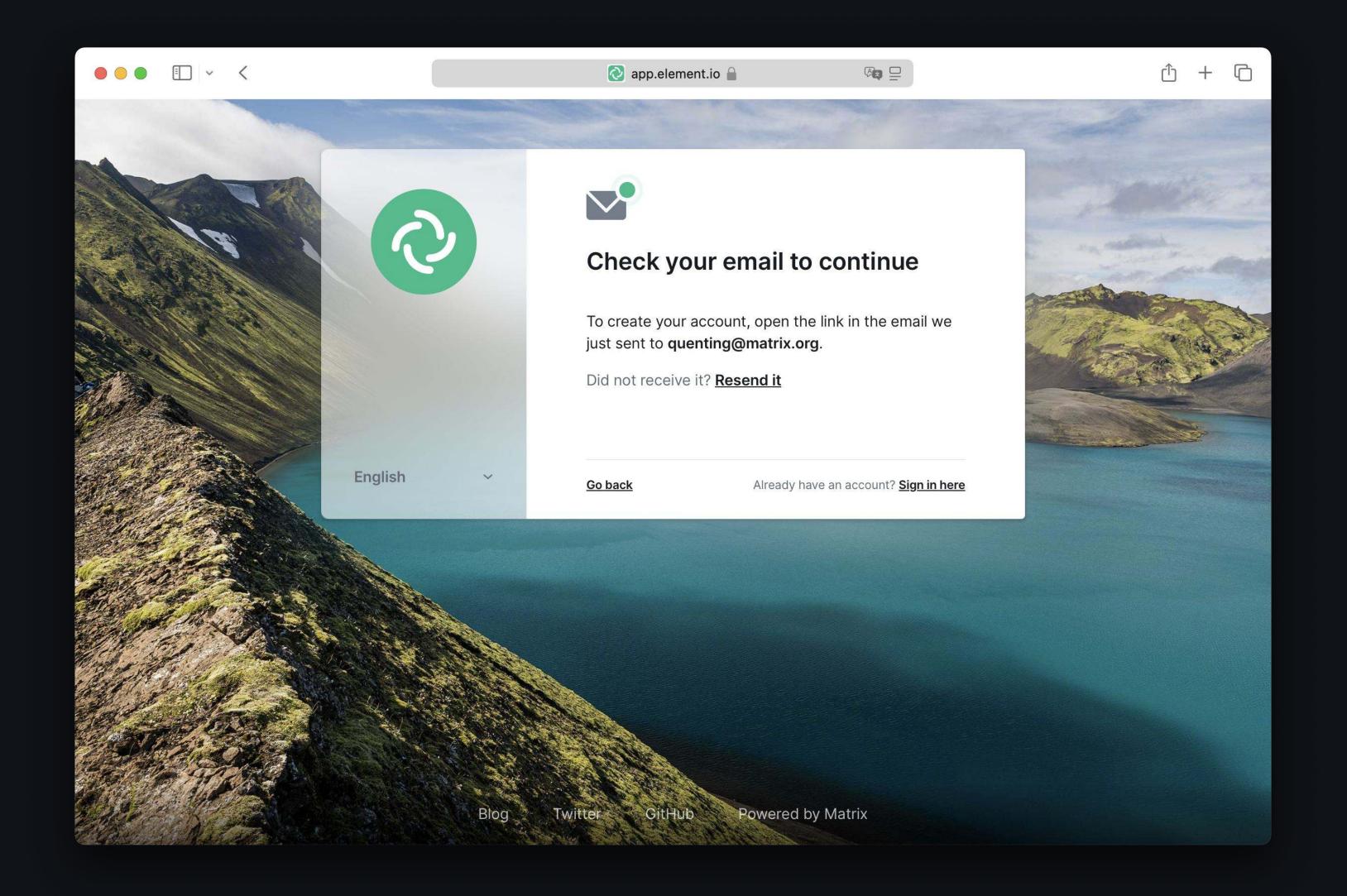


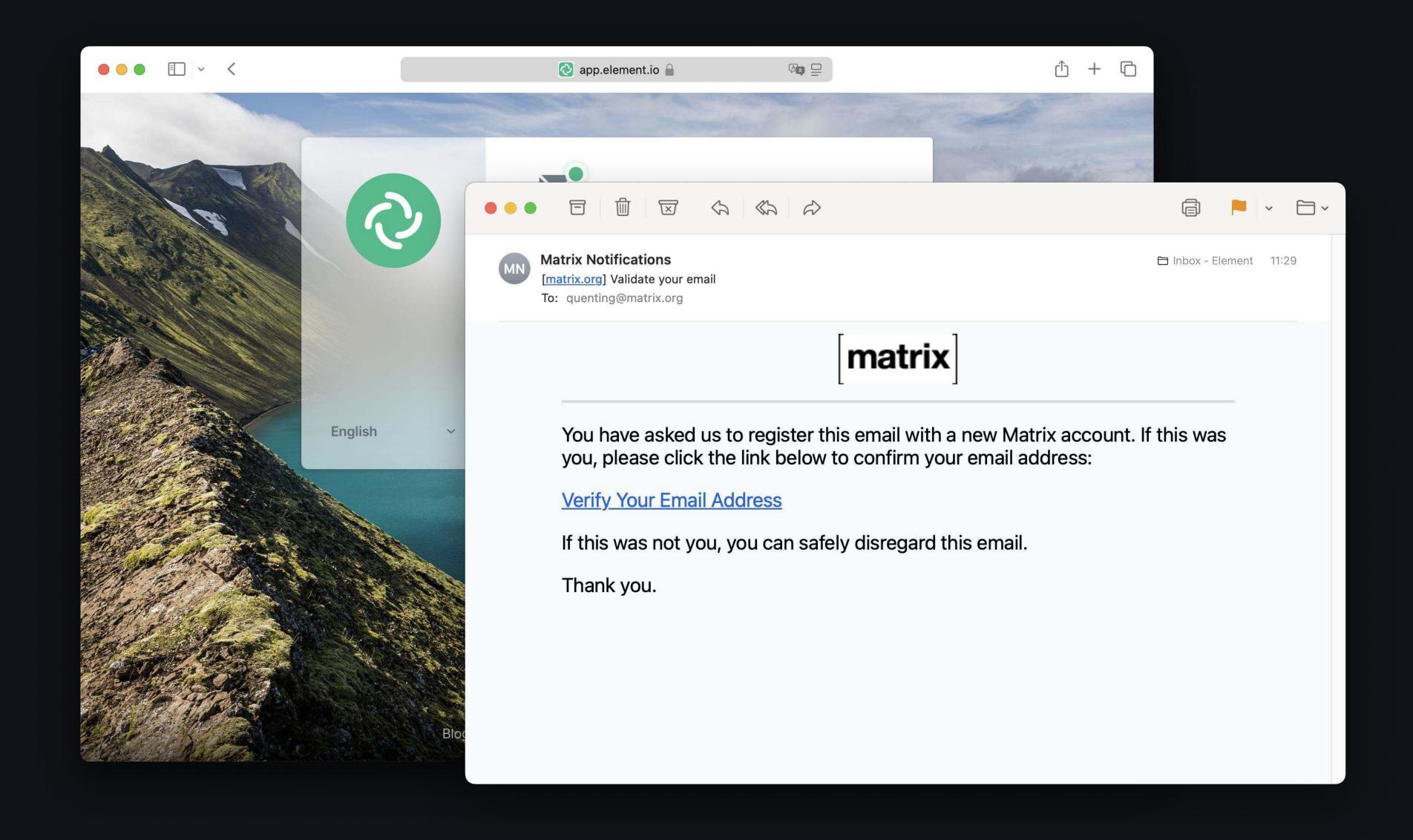


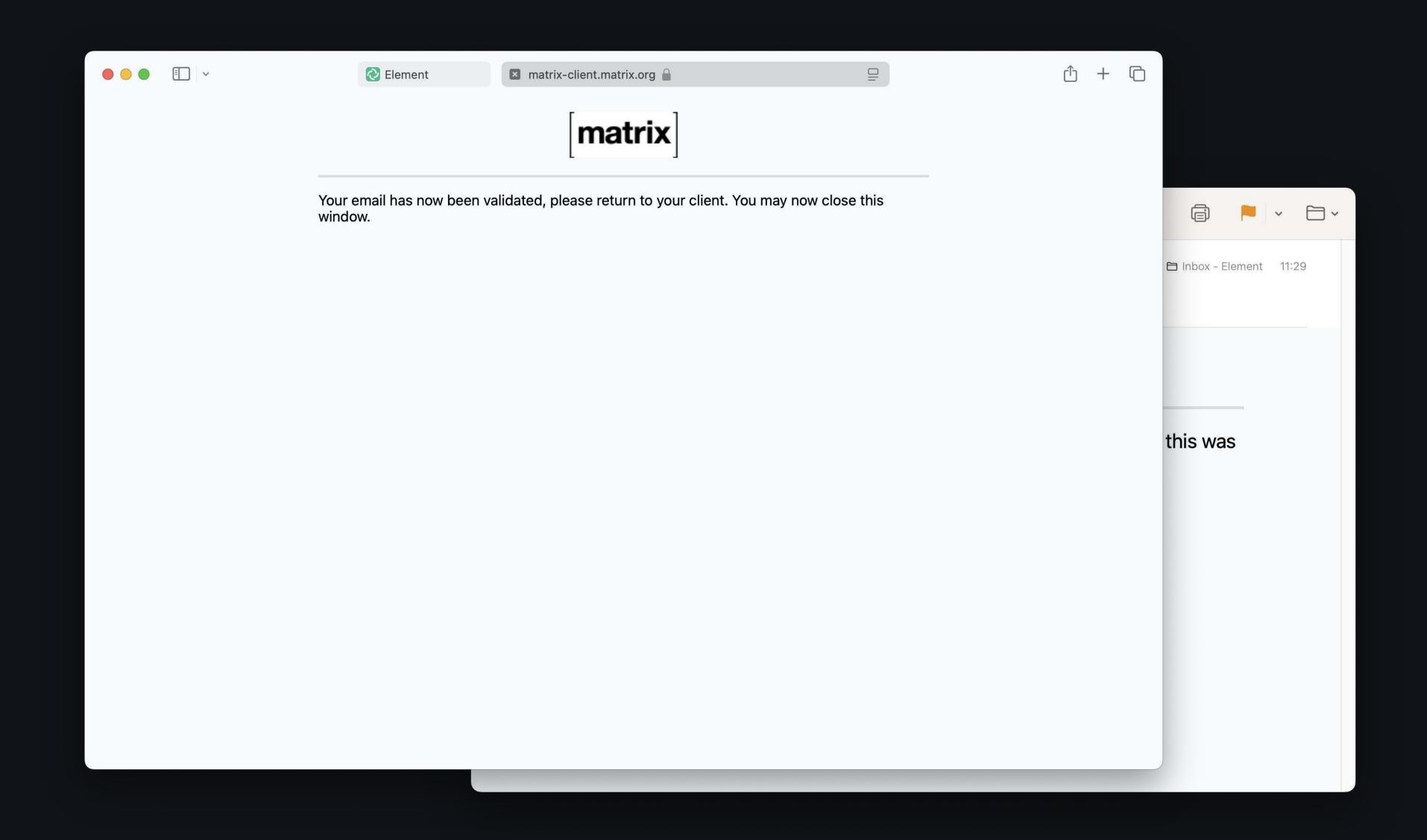


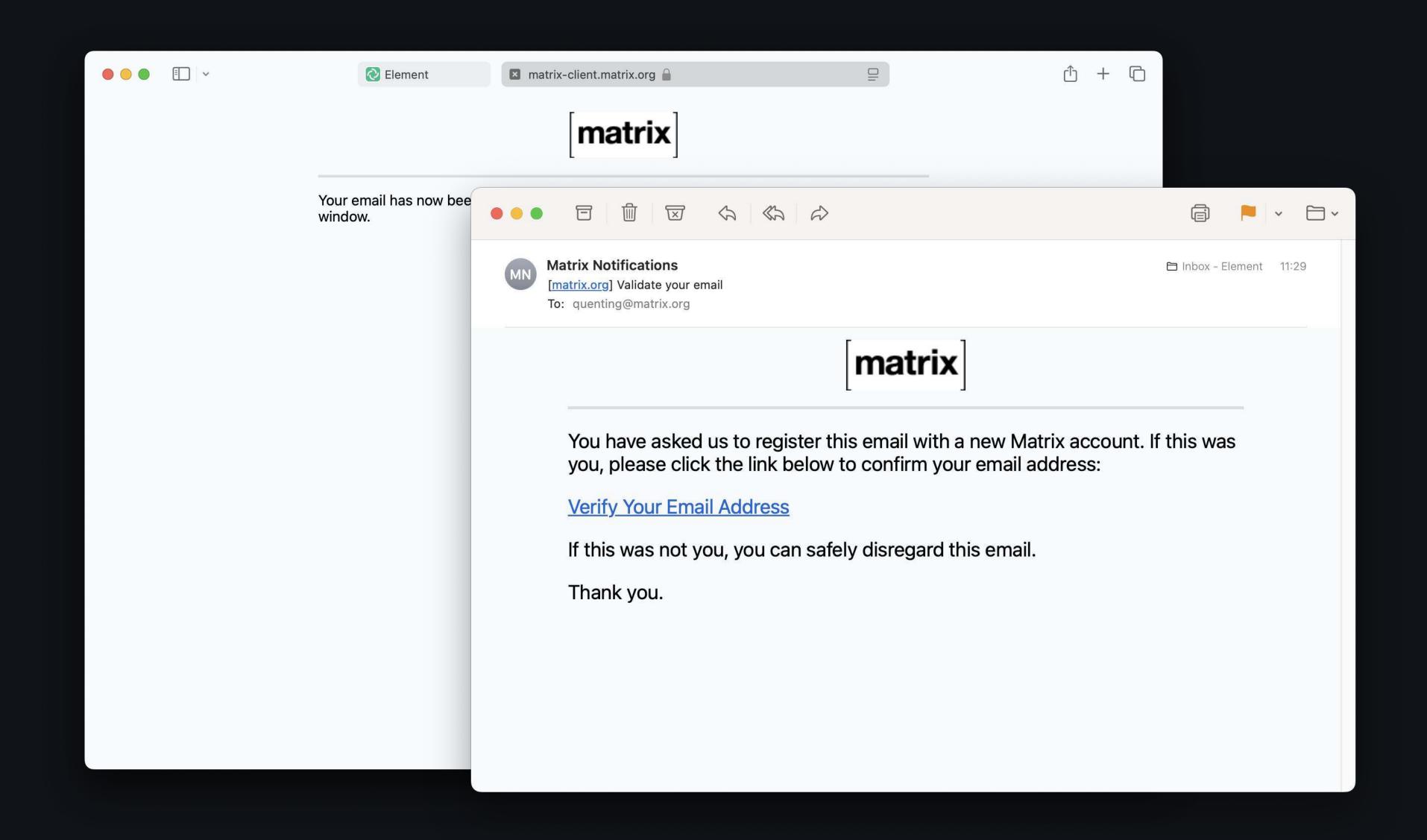


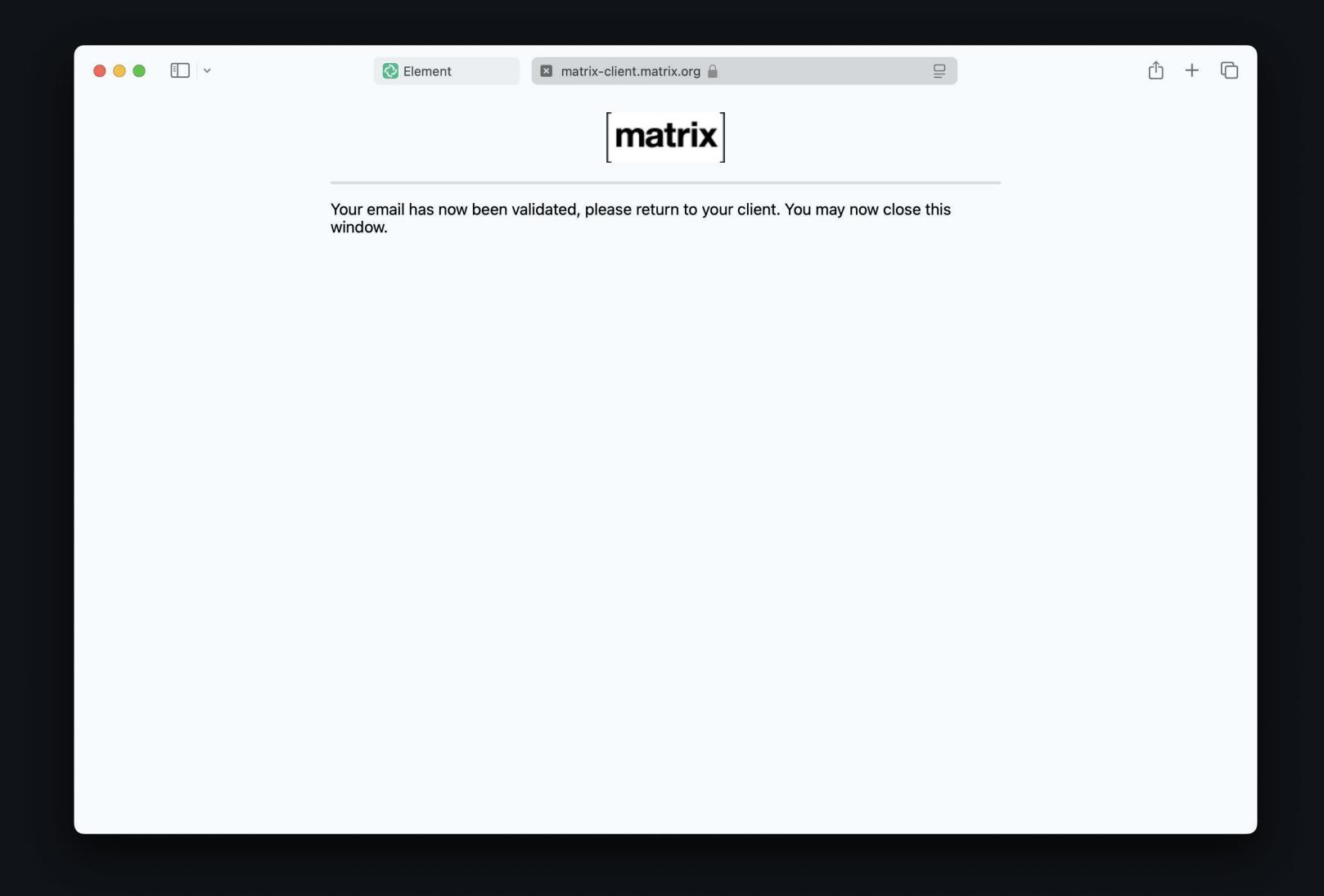


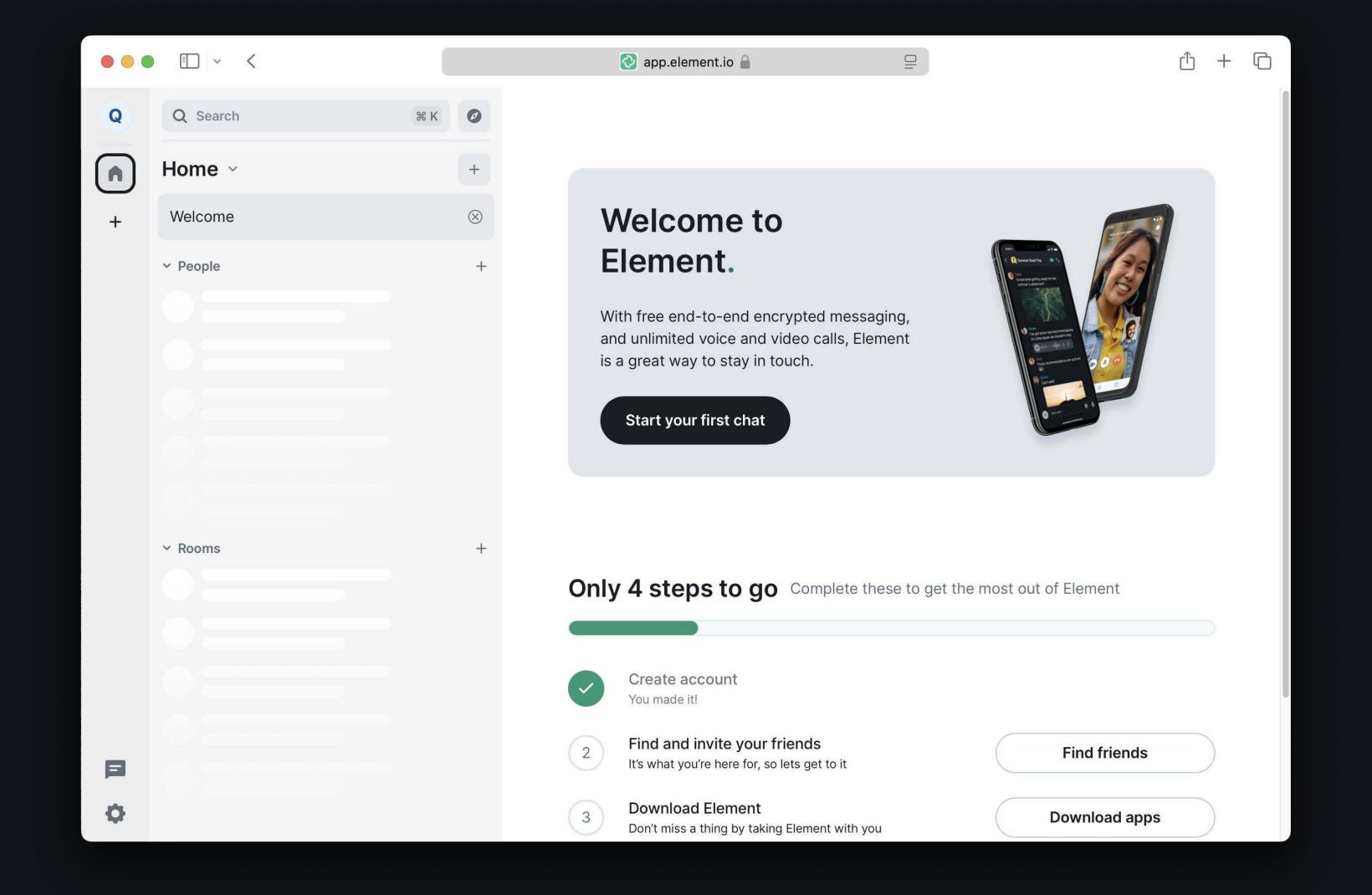










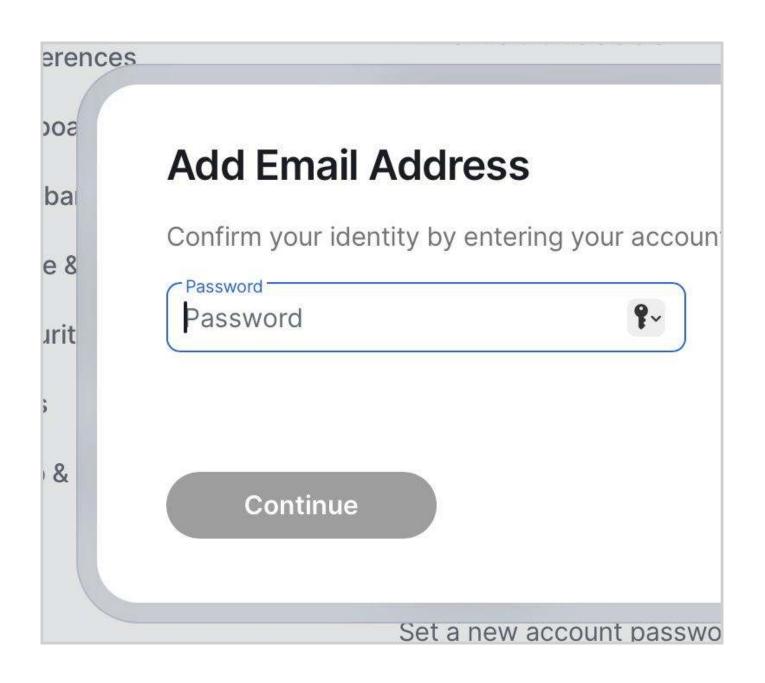


How did we end up here?

A gentle introduction to User-Interactive Authentication

- 4.5 User-Interactive Authentication API
 - 4.5.1 Overview
 - 4.5.2 User-interactive API in the REST API
 - 4.5.3 Example
 - 4.5.4 Authentication types
 - 4.5.4.1 Password-based
 - 4.5.4.2 Google ReCaptcha
 - 4.5.4.3 Single Sign-On
 - 4.5.4.4 Email-based (identity / homeserver)
 - 4.5.4.5 Phone number/MSISDN-based (identity / homeserver)
 - 4.5.4.6 Dummy Auth
 - 4.5.4.7 Token-authenticated registration
 - 4.5.4.8 Terms of service at registration
 - 4.5.5 Fallback
 - 4.5.5.1 Example
 - 4.5.6 Identifier types
 - 4.5.6.1 Matrix User ID
 - 4.5.6.2 Third-party ID
 - 4.5.6.3 Phone number

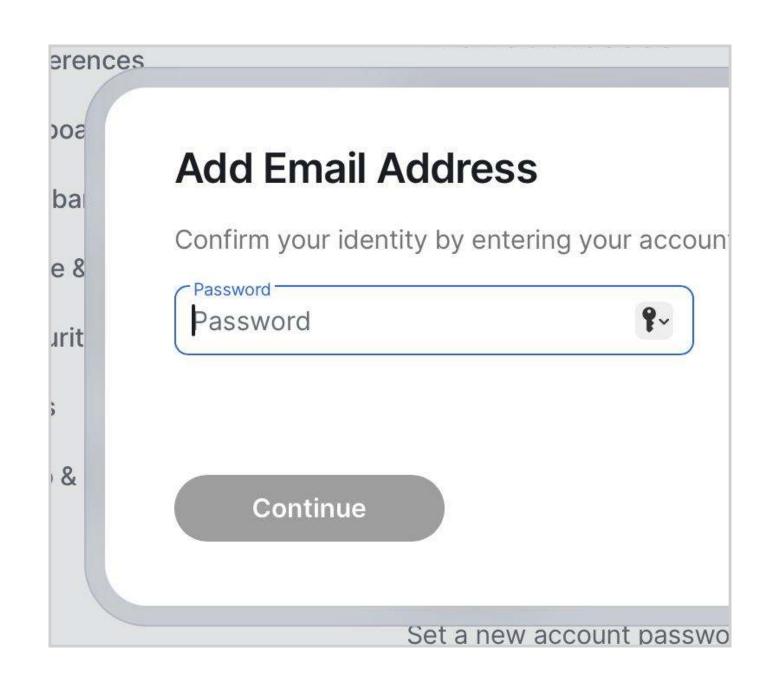
A gentle introduction to User-Interactive Authentication



Protect sensitive operations

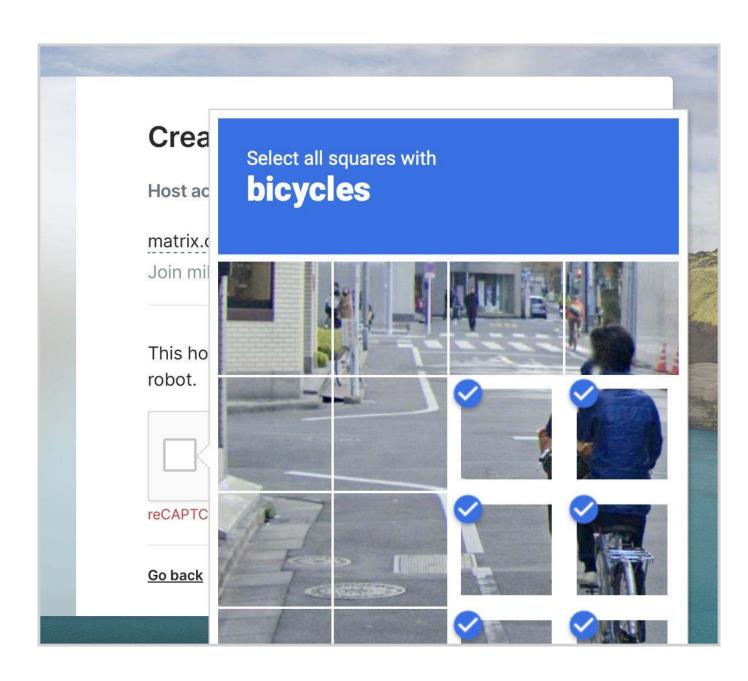
Account deactivation, password change, adding/removing an email-address, etc.

A gentle introduction to User-Interactive Authentication



Protect sensitive operations

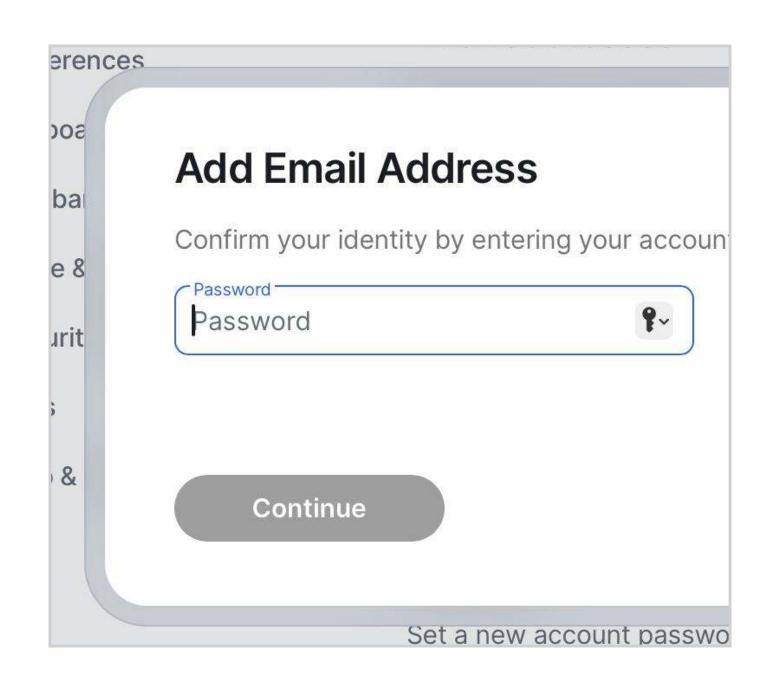
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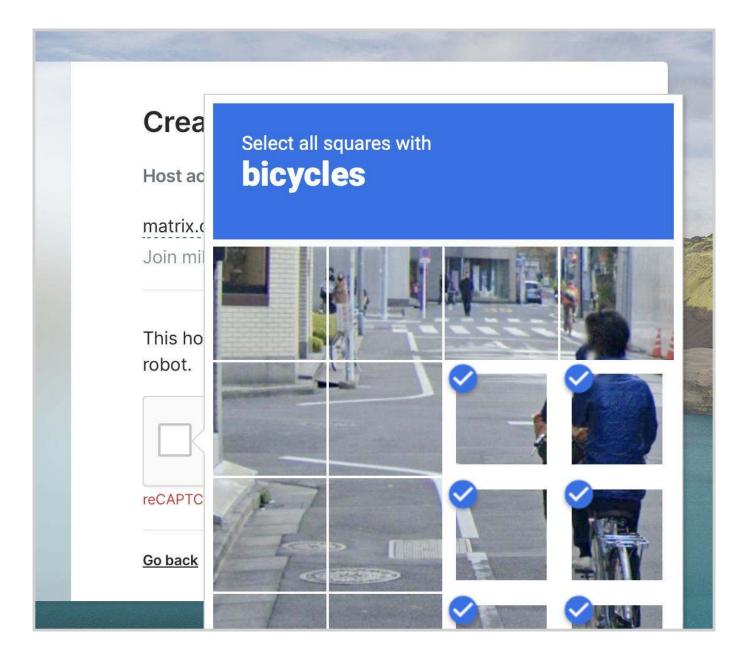


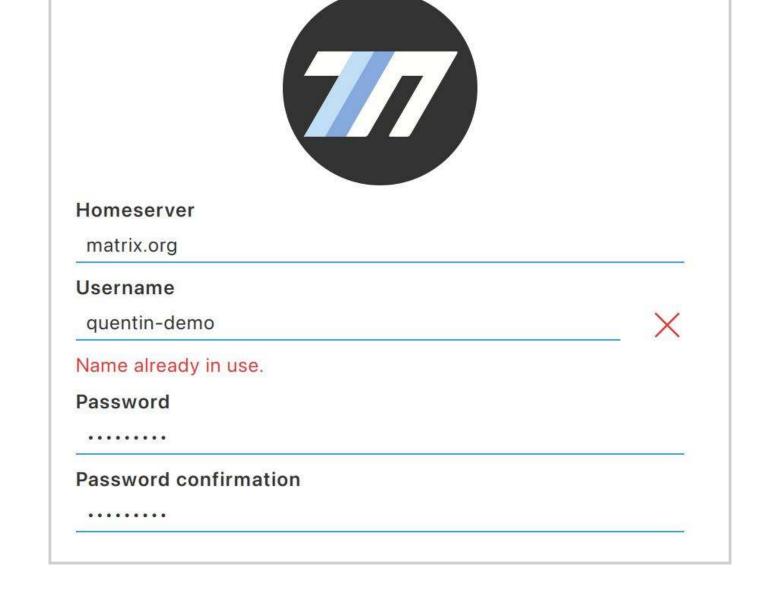
Multi-stage authentication

Dynamically ask for multiple steps

A gentle introduction to User-Interactive Authentication







Protect sensitive operations

Account deactivation, password change, adding/removing an email-address, etc.

Multi-stage authentication

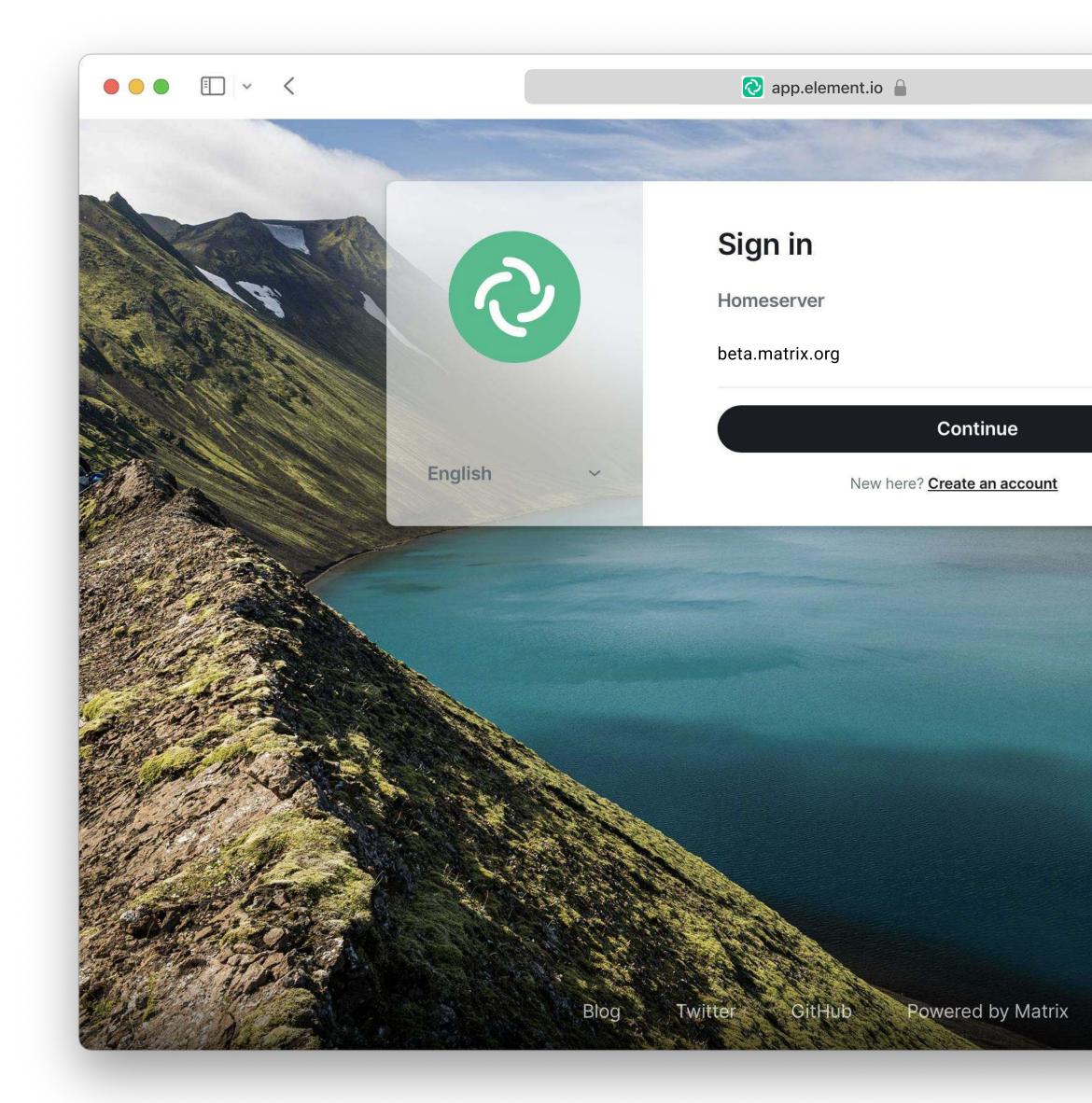
Dynamically ask for multiple steps

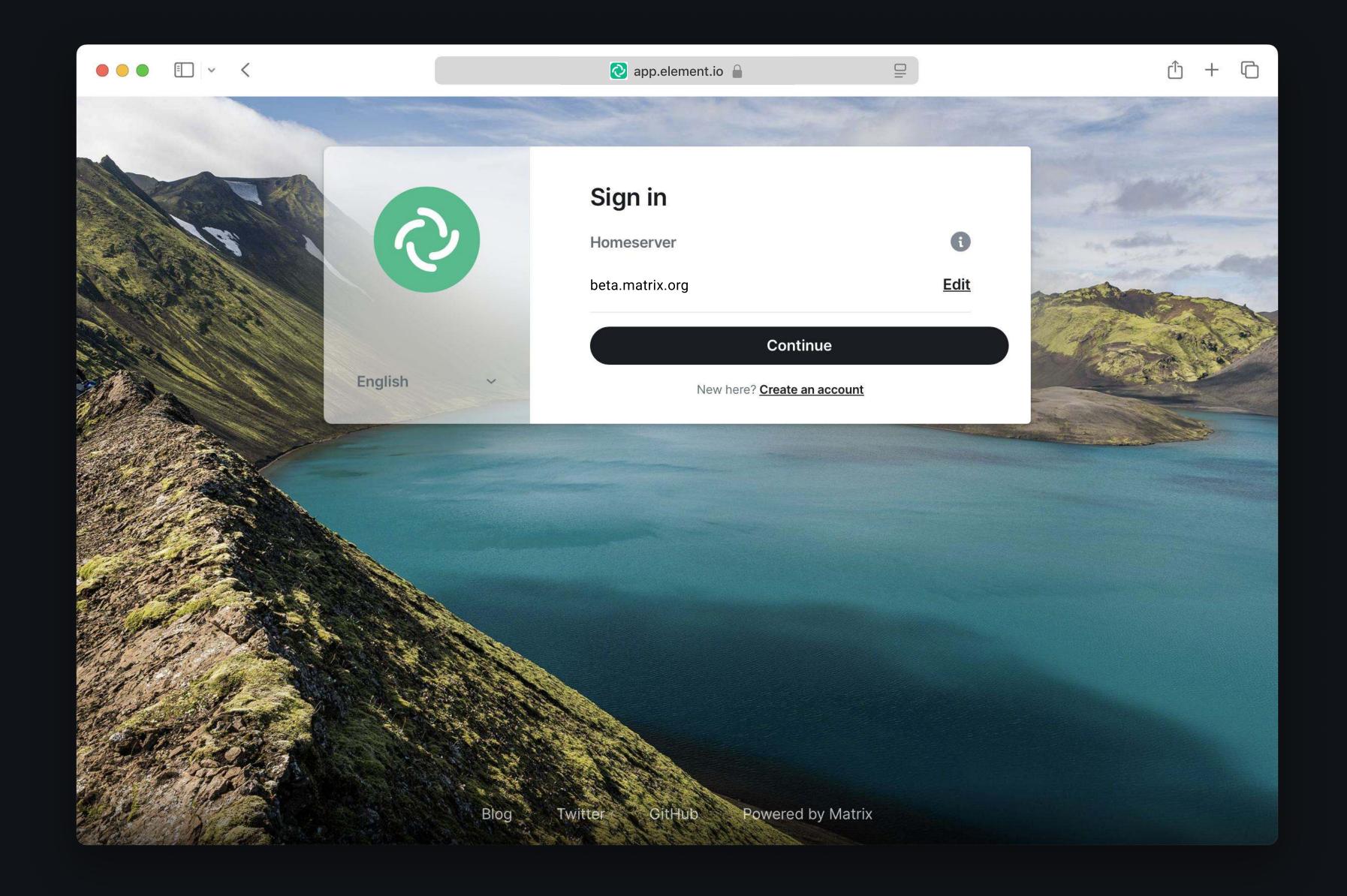
Client-native user interface

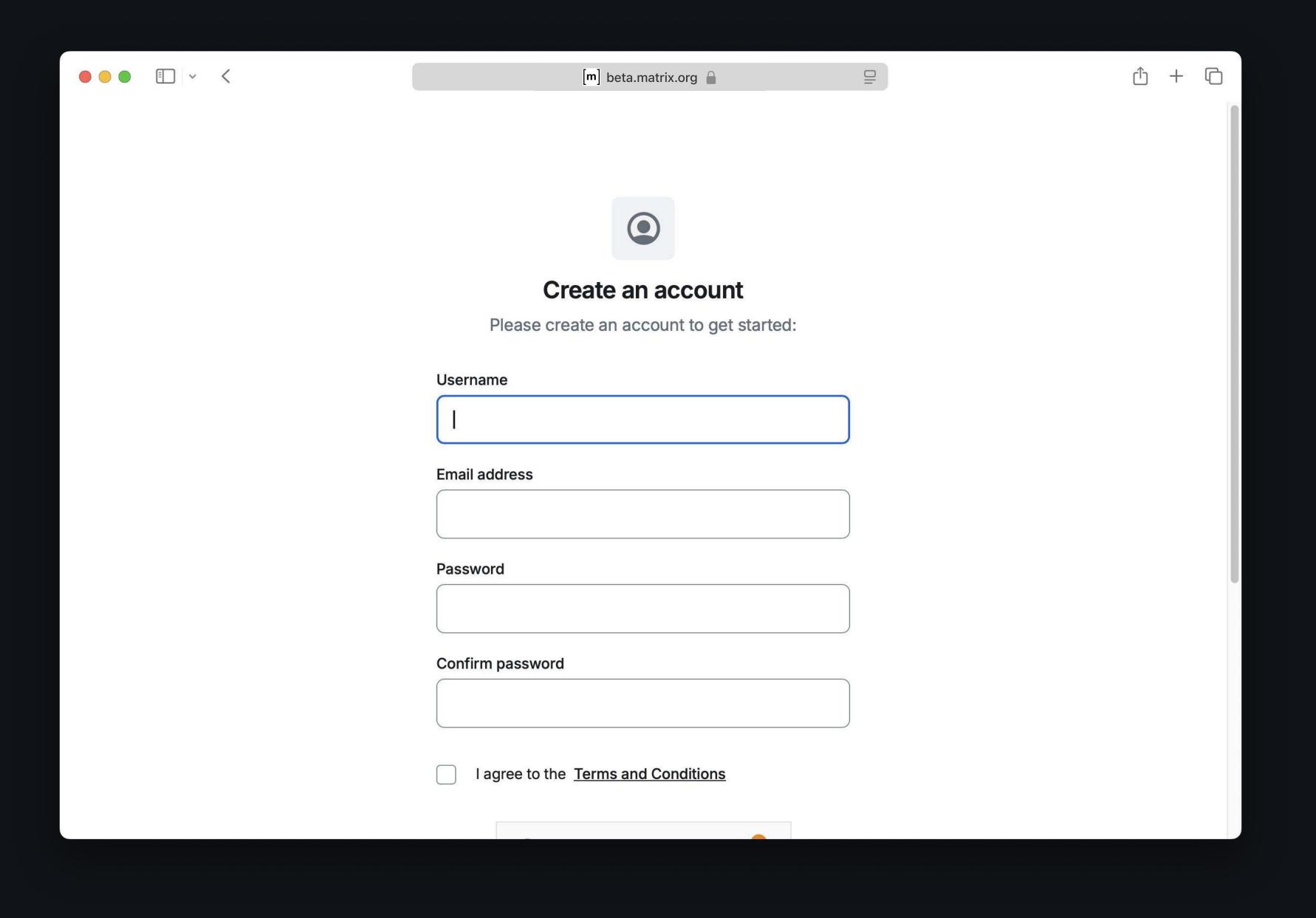
Each step is ideally implemented within the client, in a streamlined UI

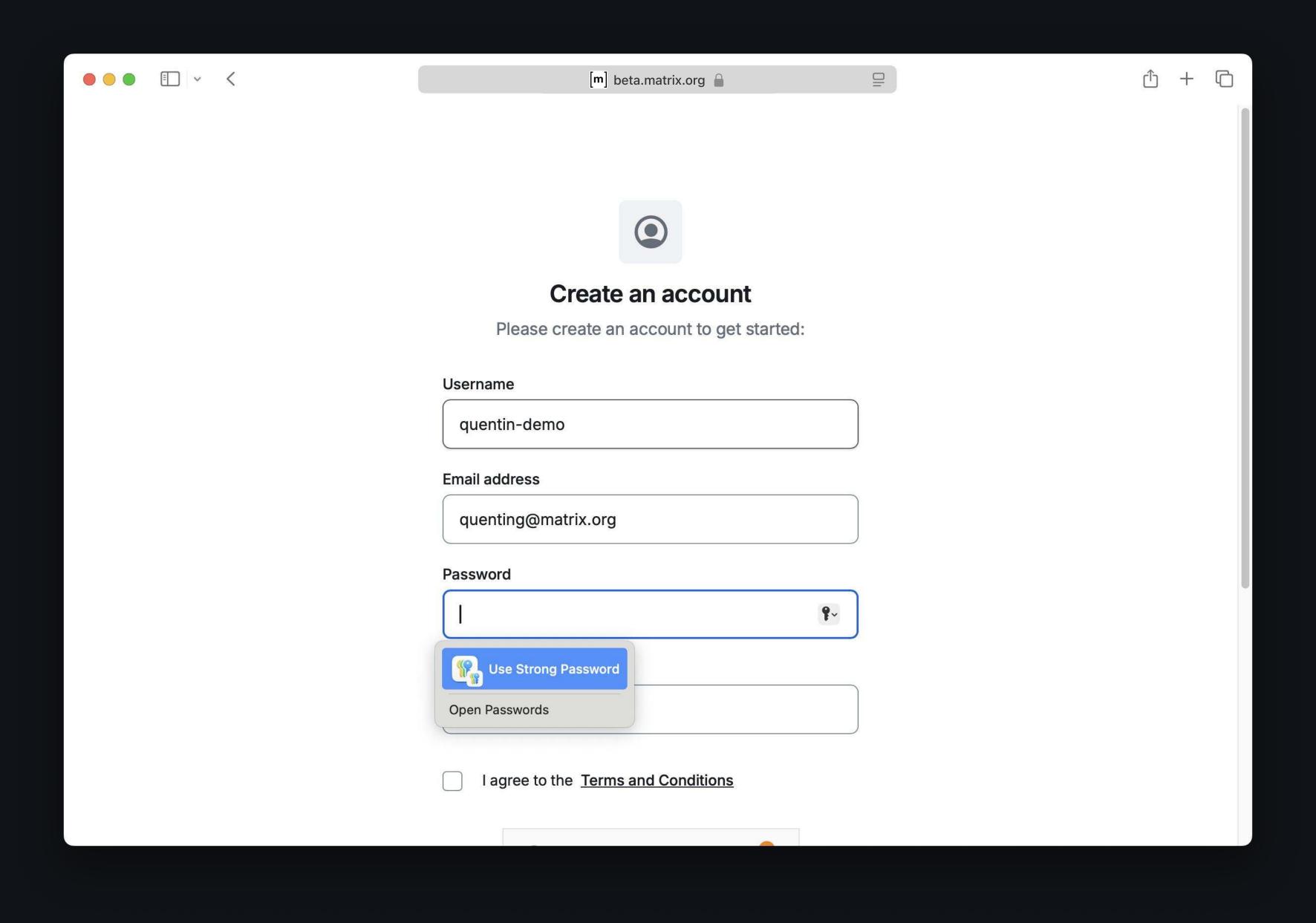
Same thing, with the new authentication stack

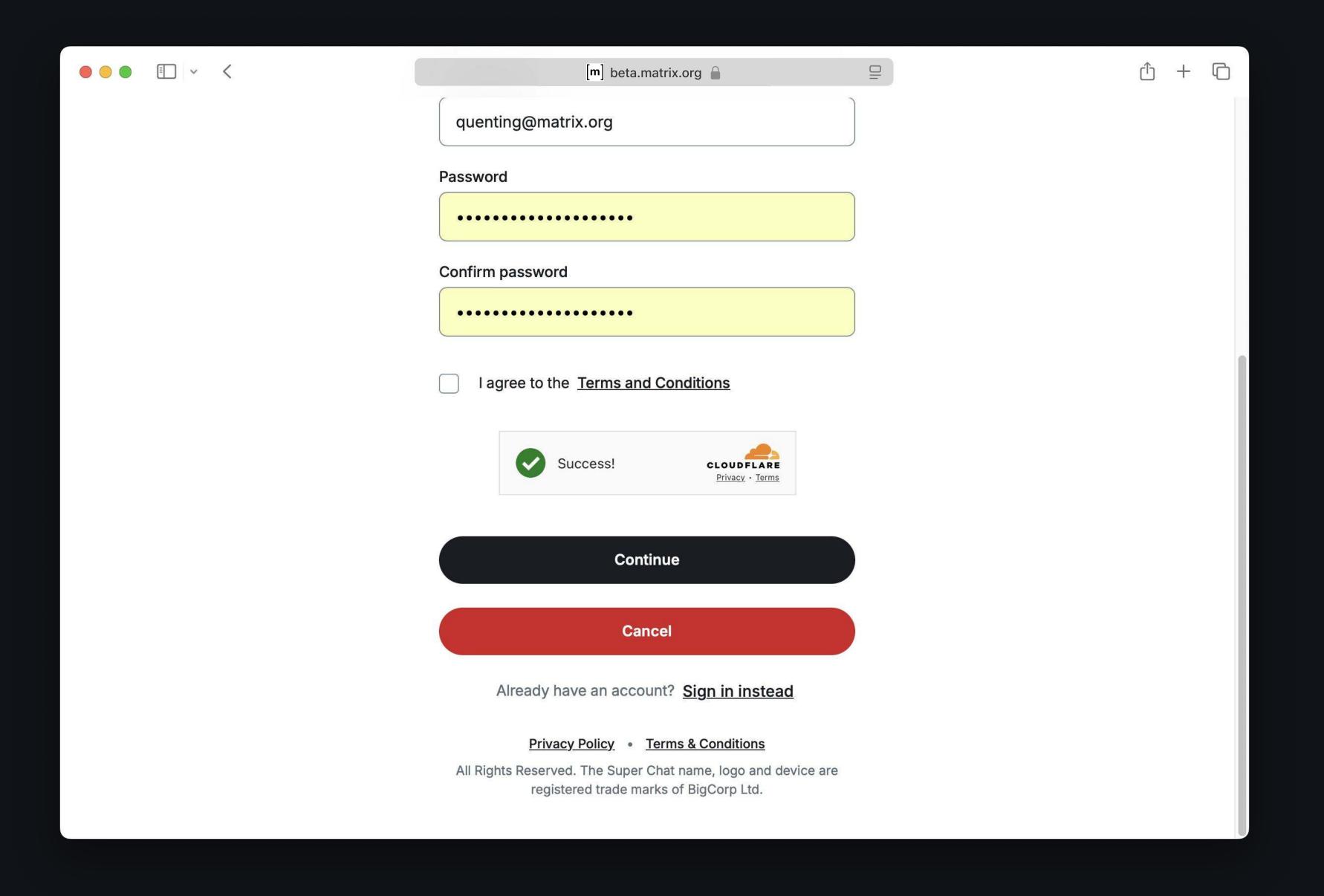
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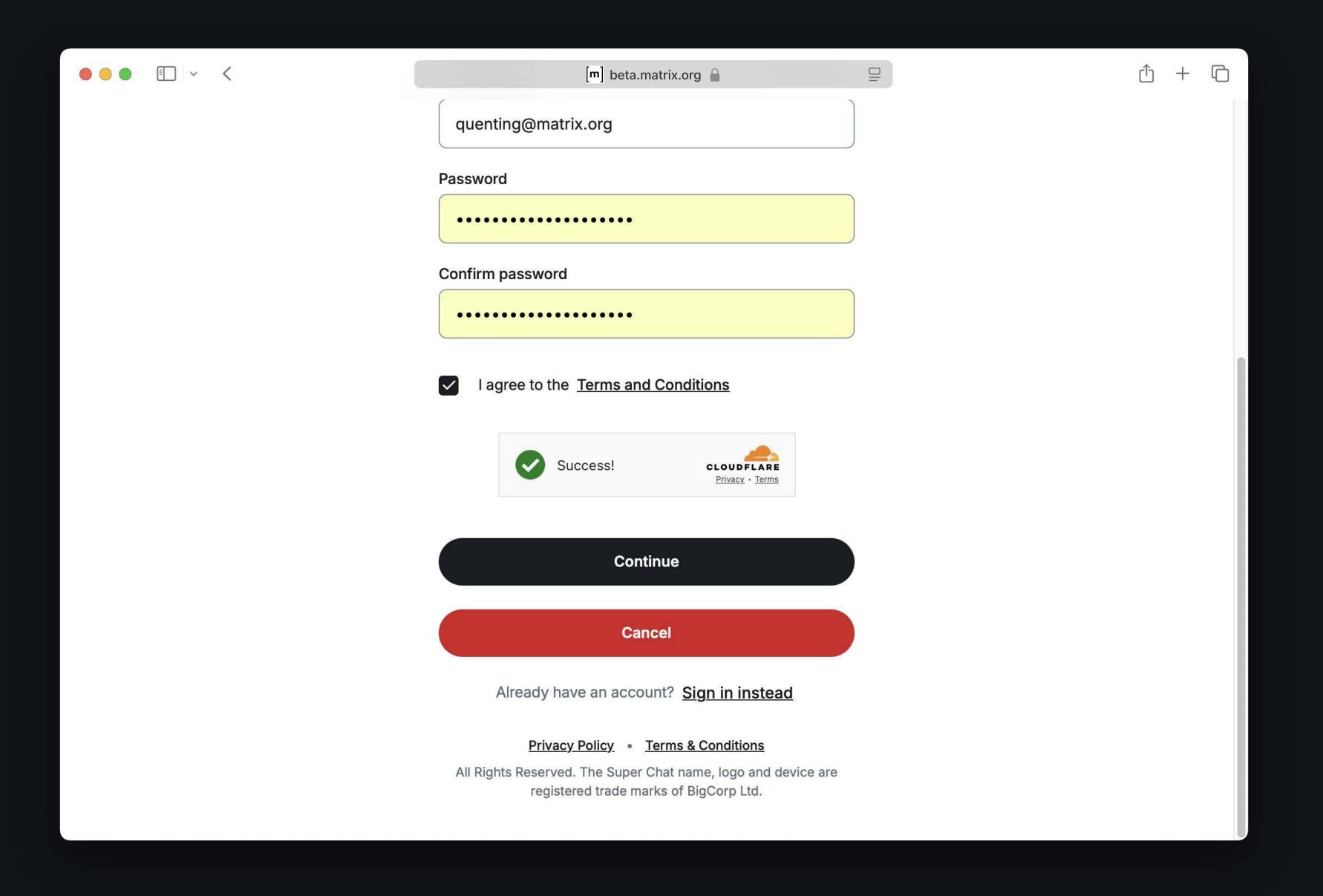


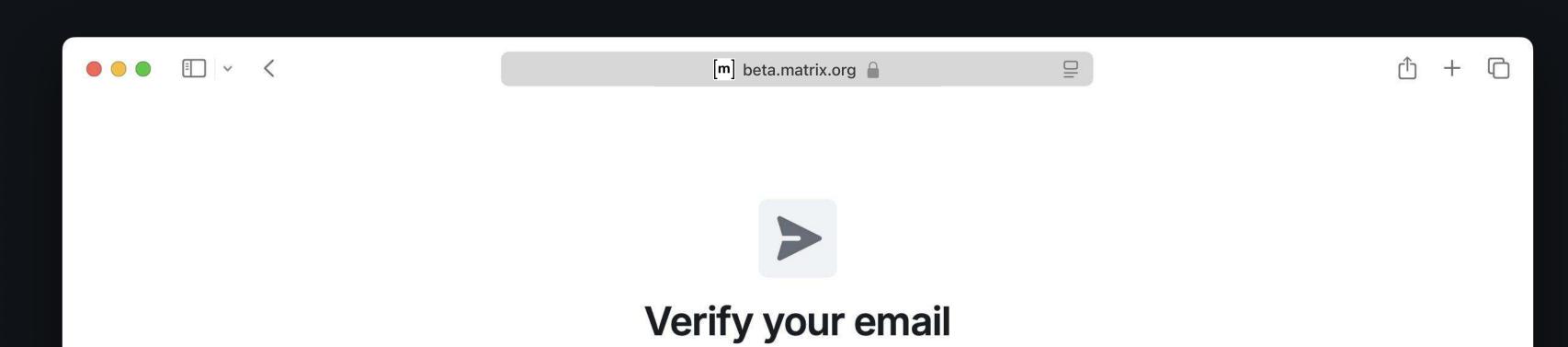












6-digit code

Enter the 6-digit code sent to: quenting@matrix.org

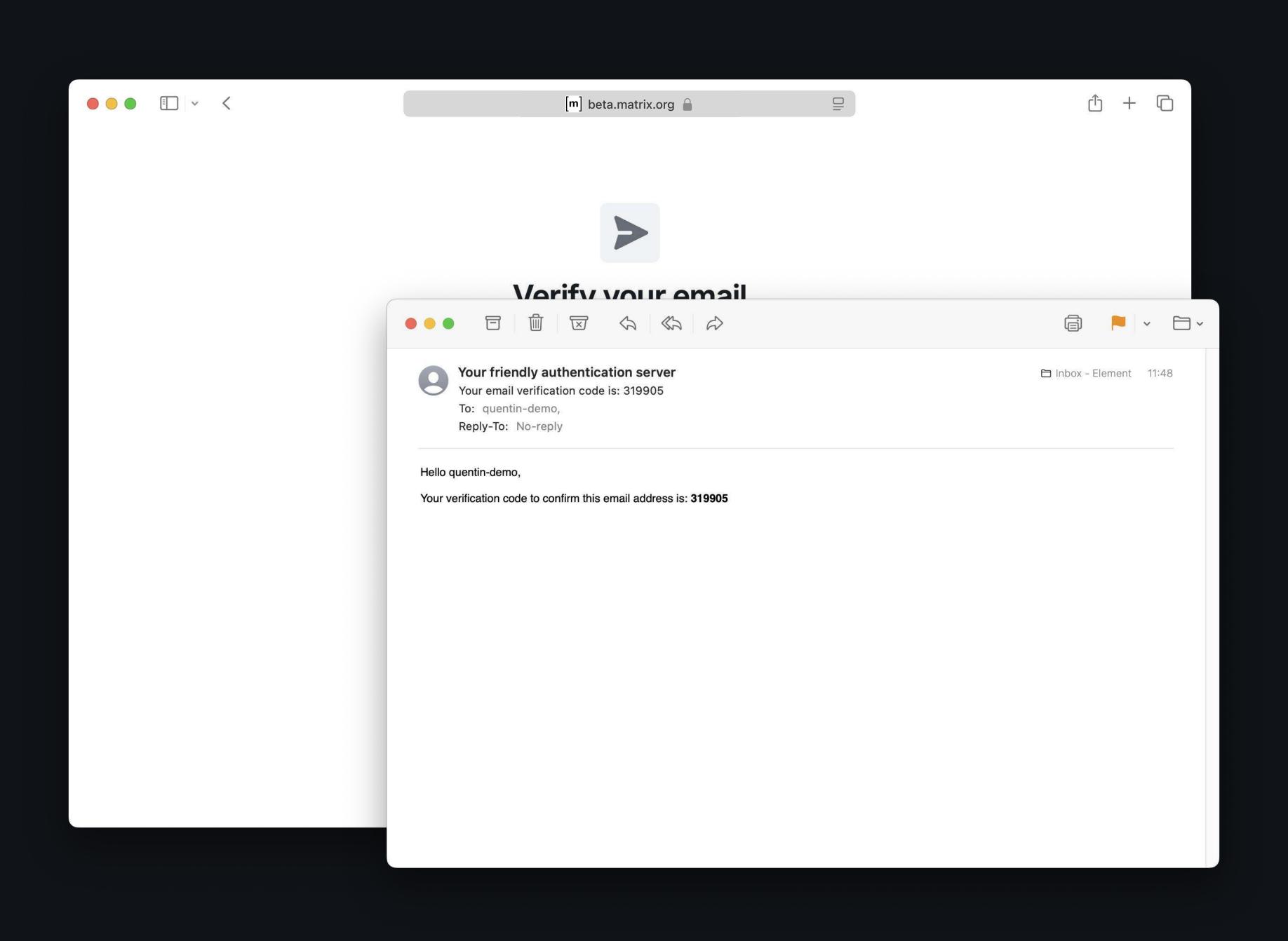
Continue

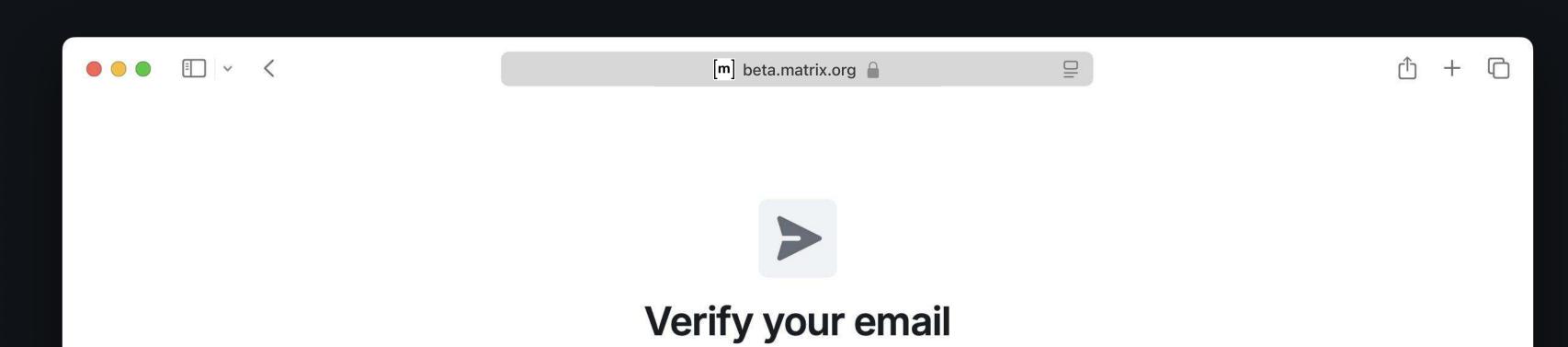
Resend code

← Back

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6-digit code

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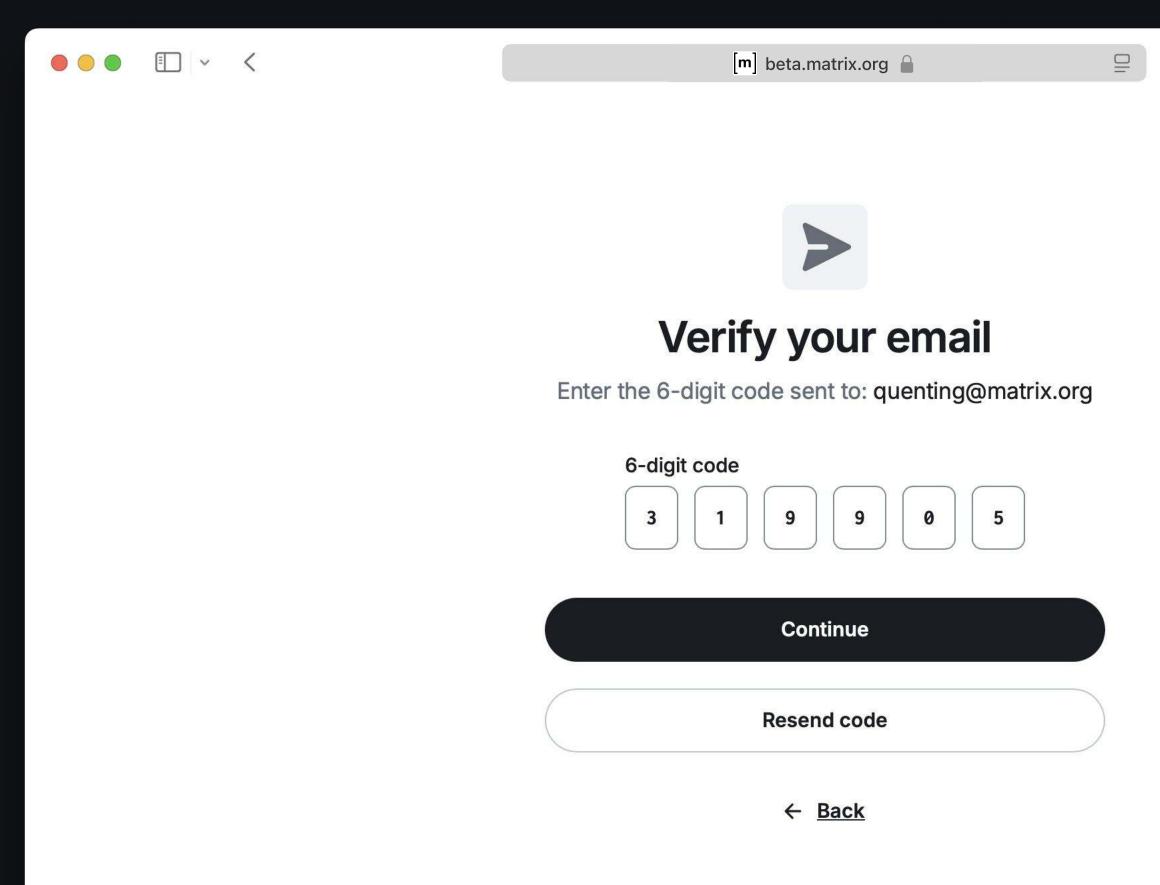
Continue

Resend code

← Back

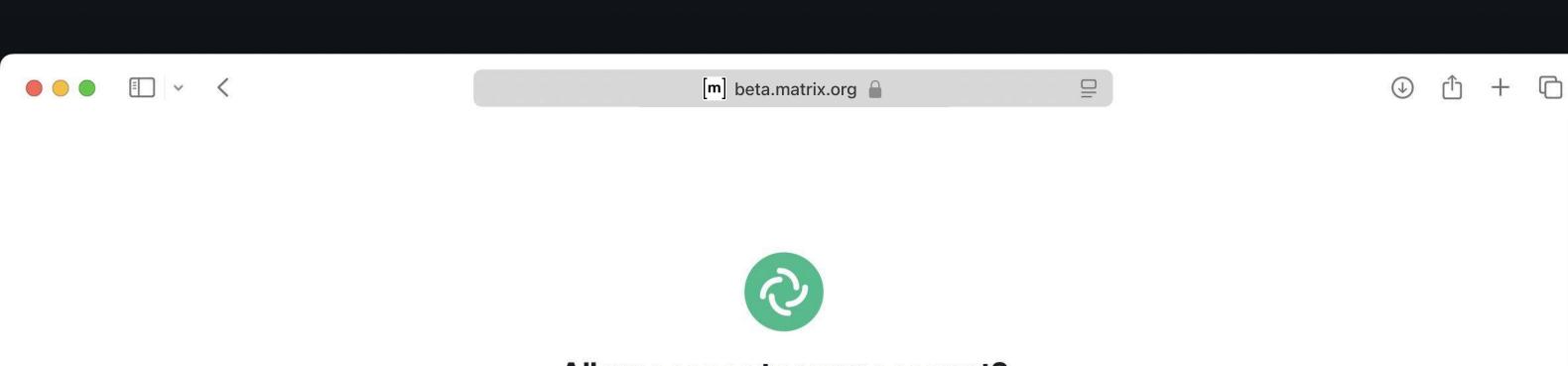
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Allow access to your account?

Element at app.element.io wants to acccess your account. This will allow Element to:

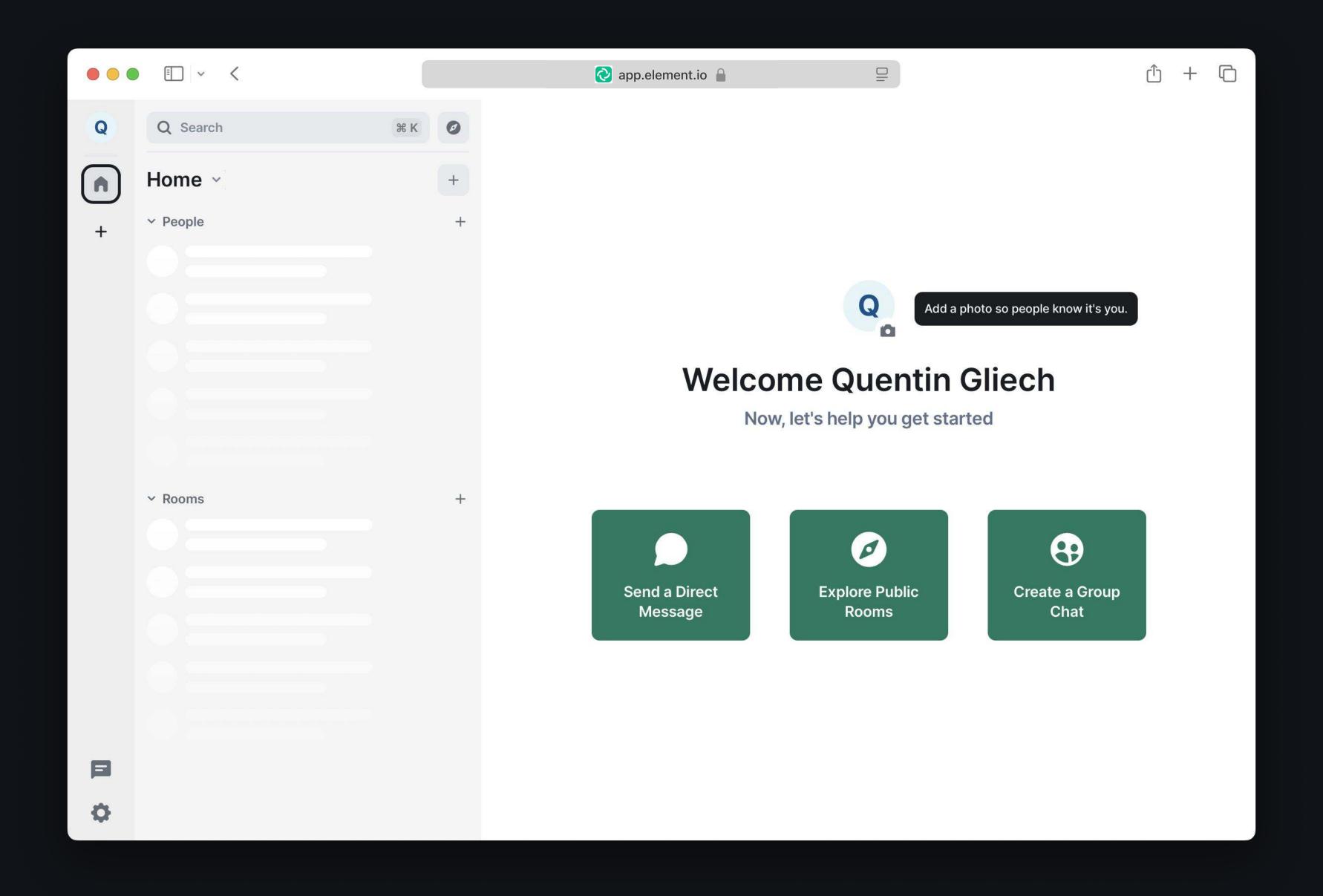
- See your profile info and contact details
- View your existing messages and data
- Send new messages on your behalf

Make sure that you trust Element. You may be sharing sensitive information with this site or app. Find out how Element will handle your data by reviewing its privacy policy and terms of service.

Continue

Not quentin-demo? Sign out

Cancel



Issue #1:
Auth steps are dynamic,
should be specced and
supported by clients

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Introducing new steps is hard

If we want a nice user experience, client should natively support all the steps presented. This makes it harder to introduce new mechanisms, and raises the bar for new client implementations

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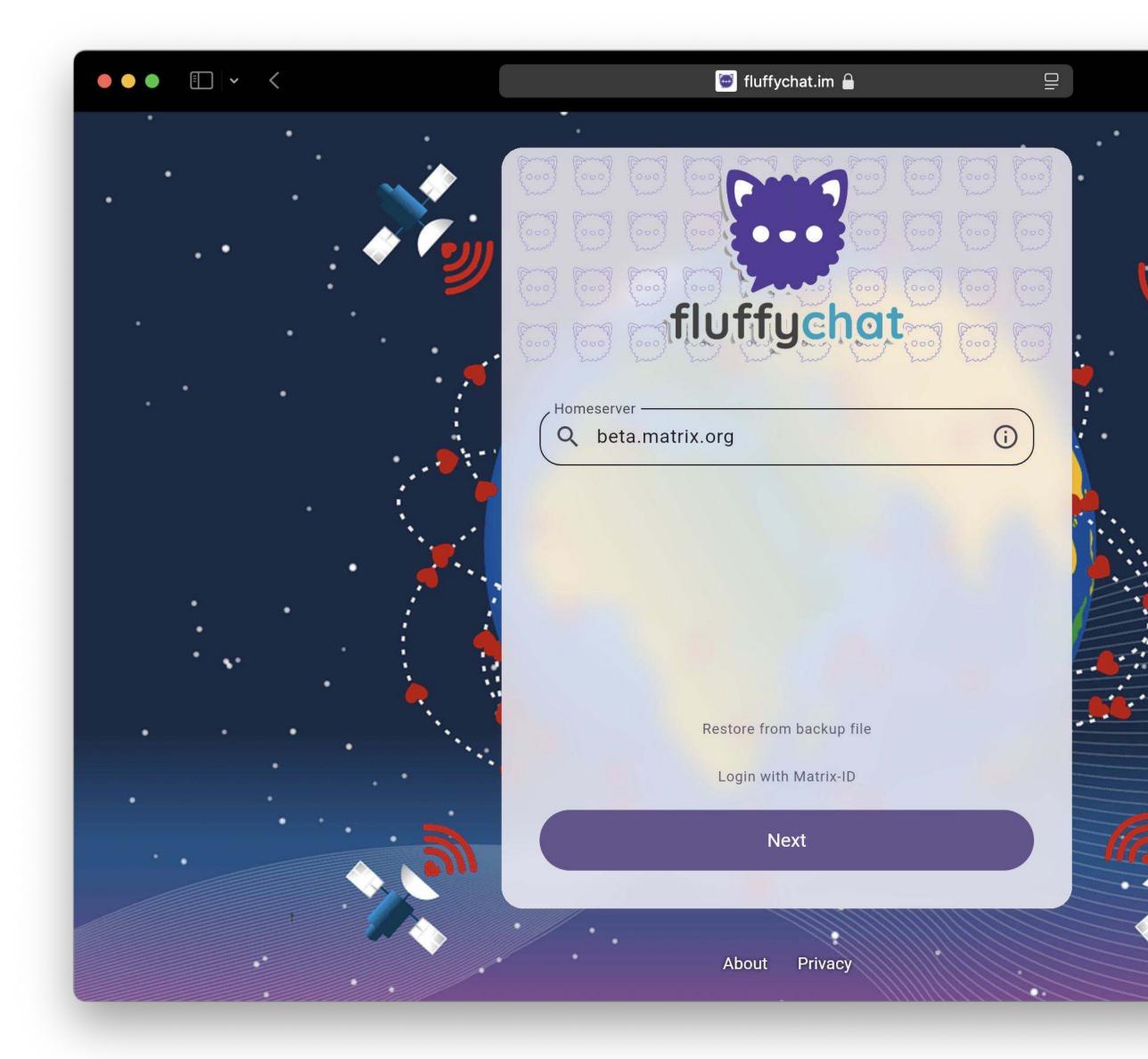
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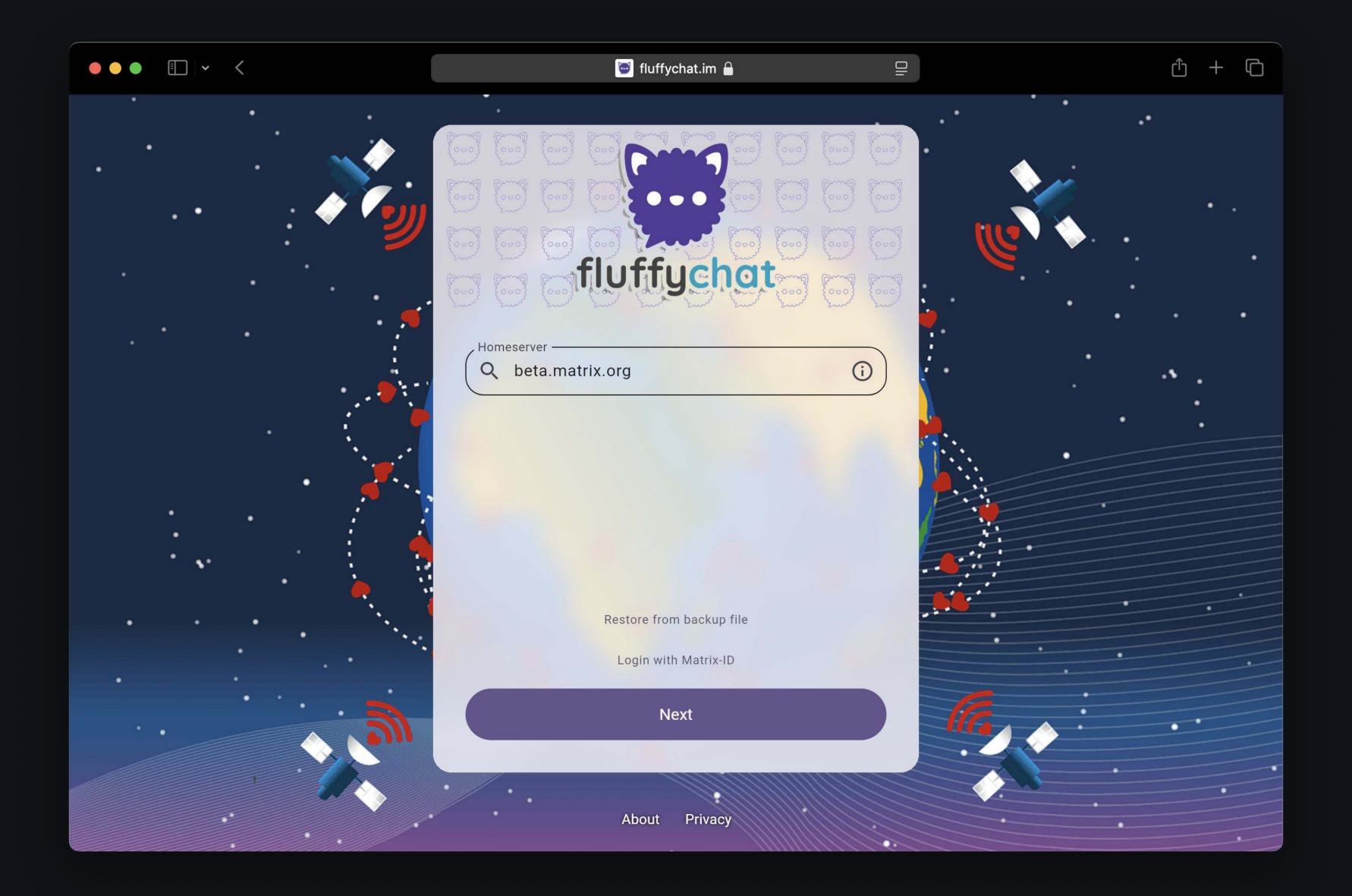
Dynamic user-interfaces are hard

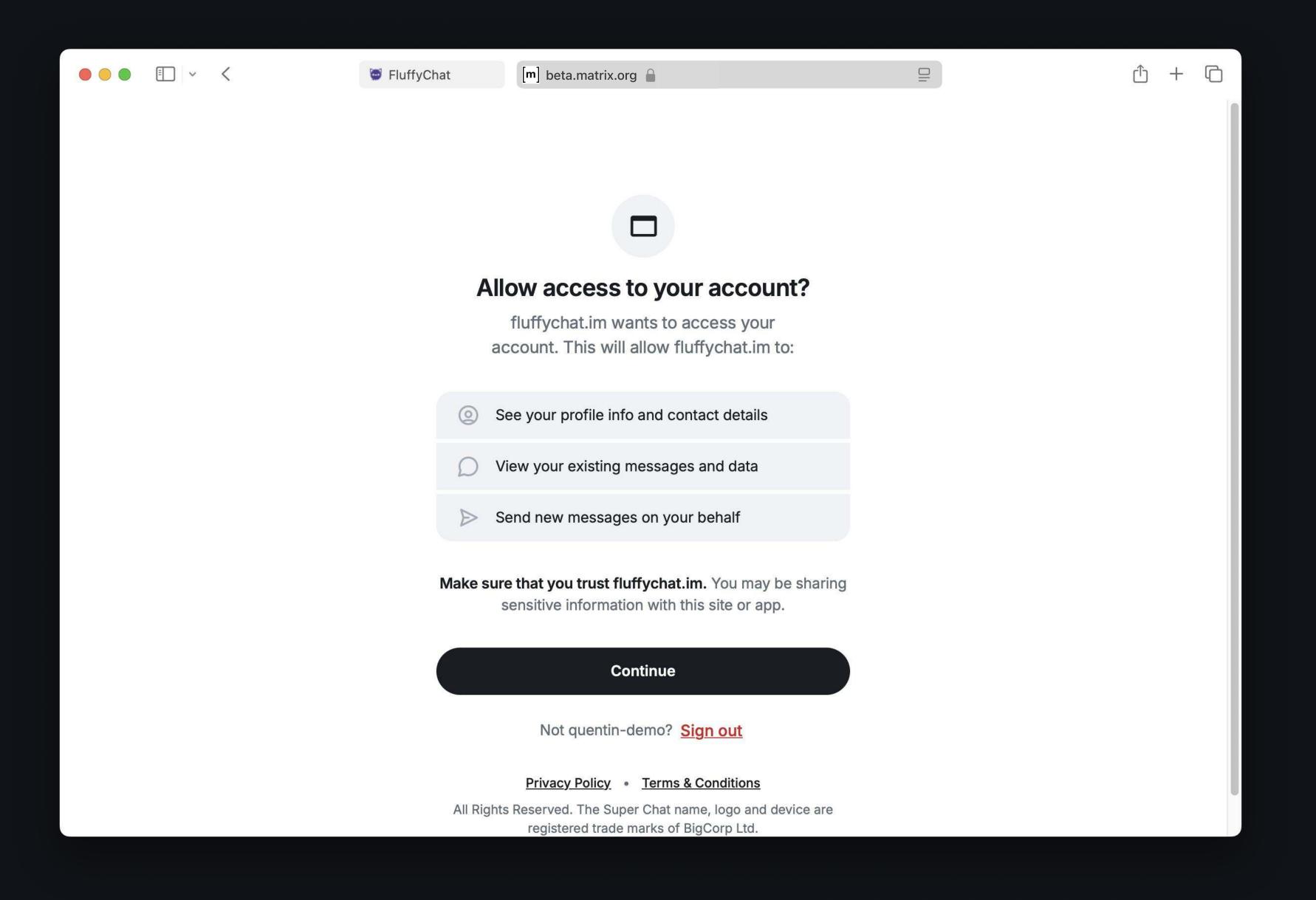
The **list of steps** presented in UIA is **dynamic**, which makes it hard for clients to build a coherent flow if they can't predict what combination is going to be asked by the server

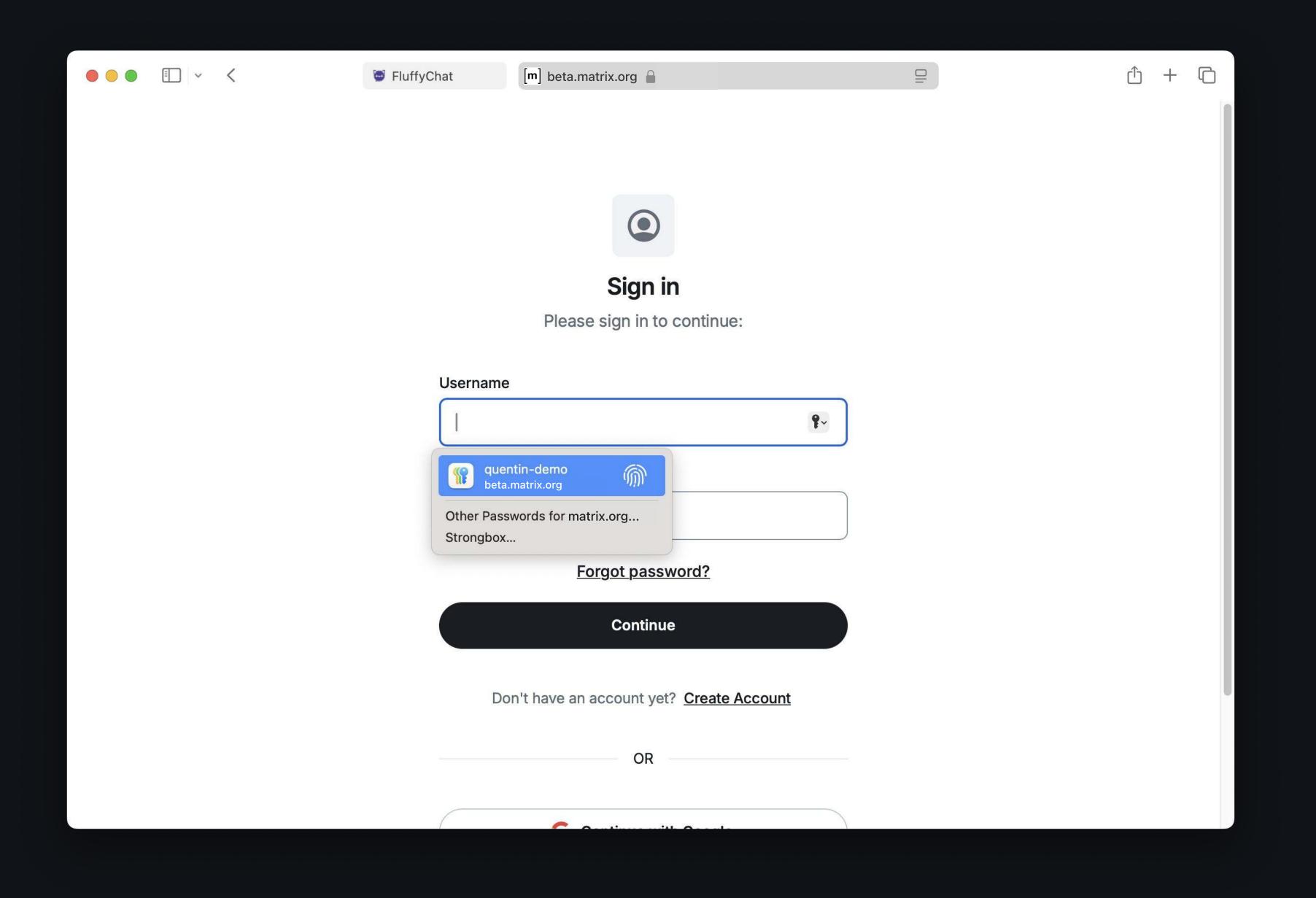
Let's login in another client

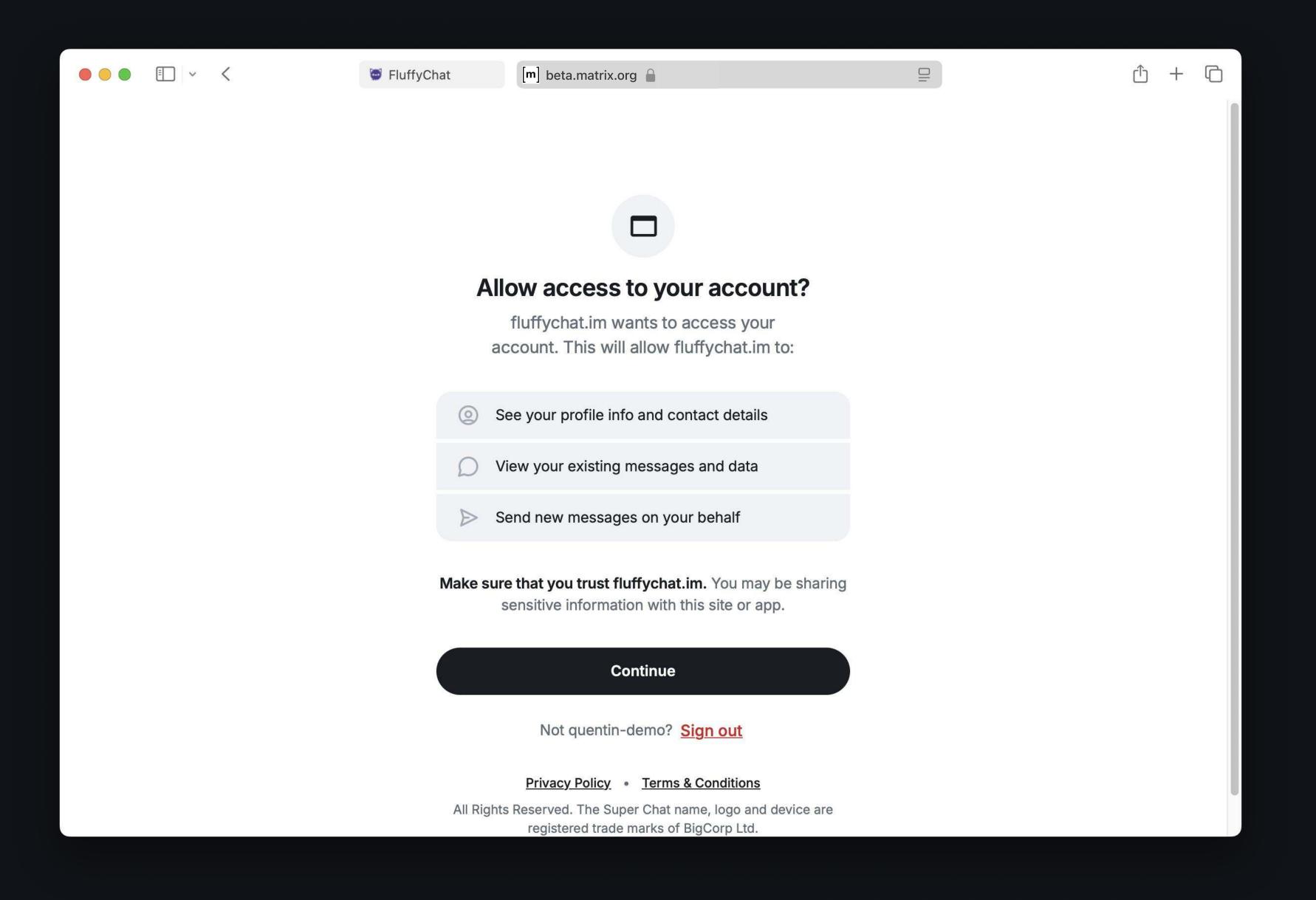
I would like to try out FluffyChat with my brand new Matrix account

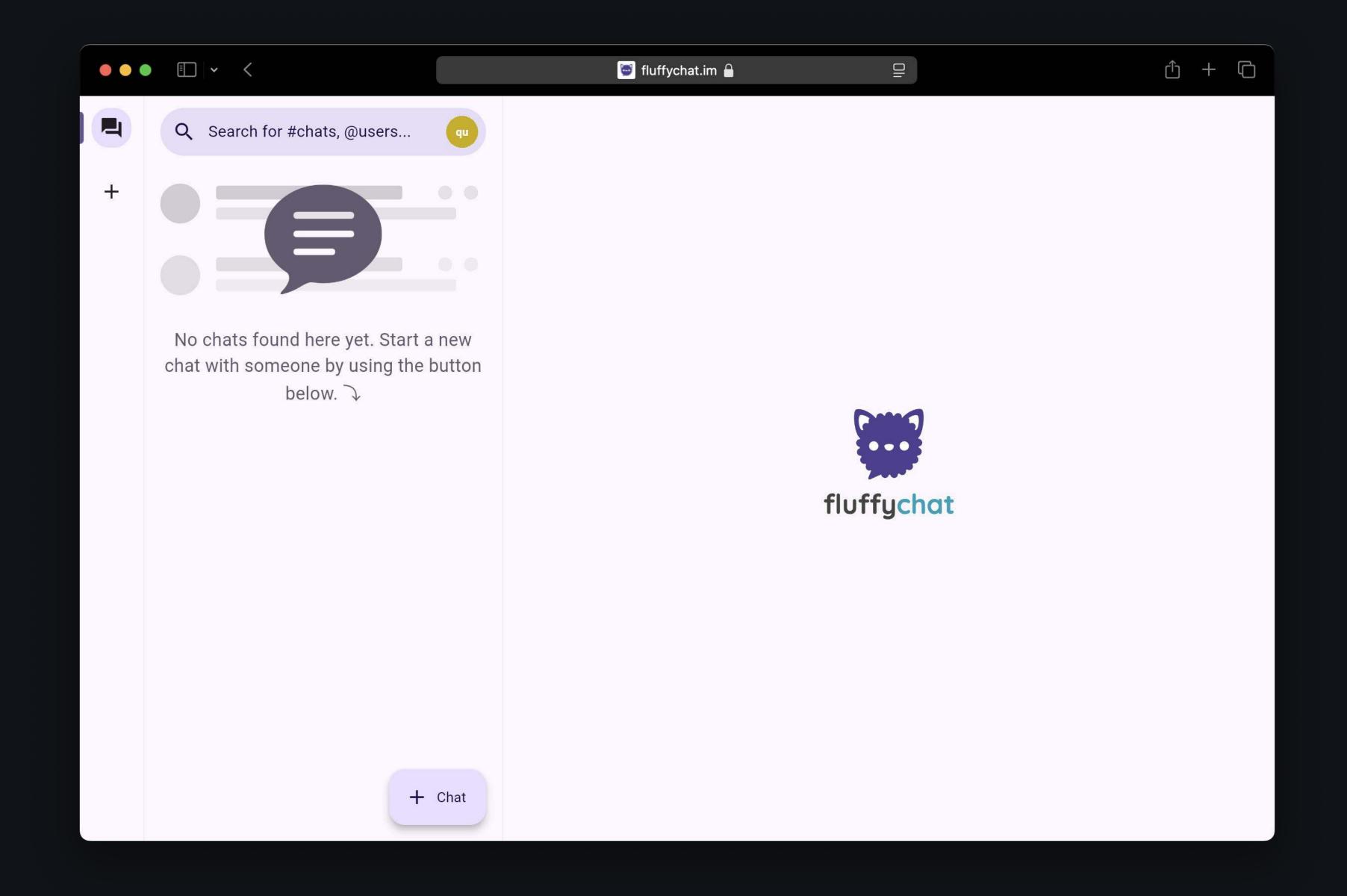






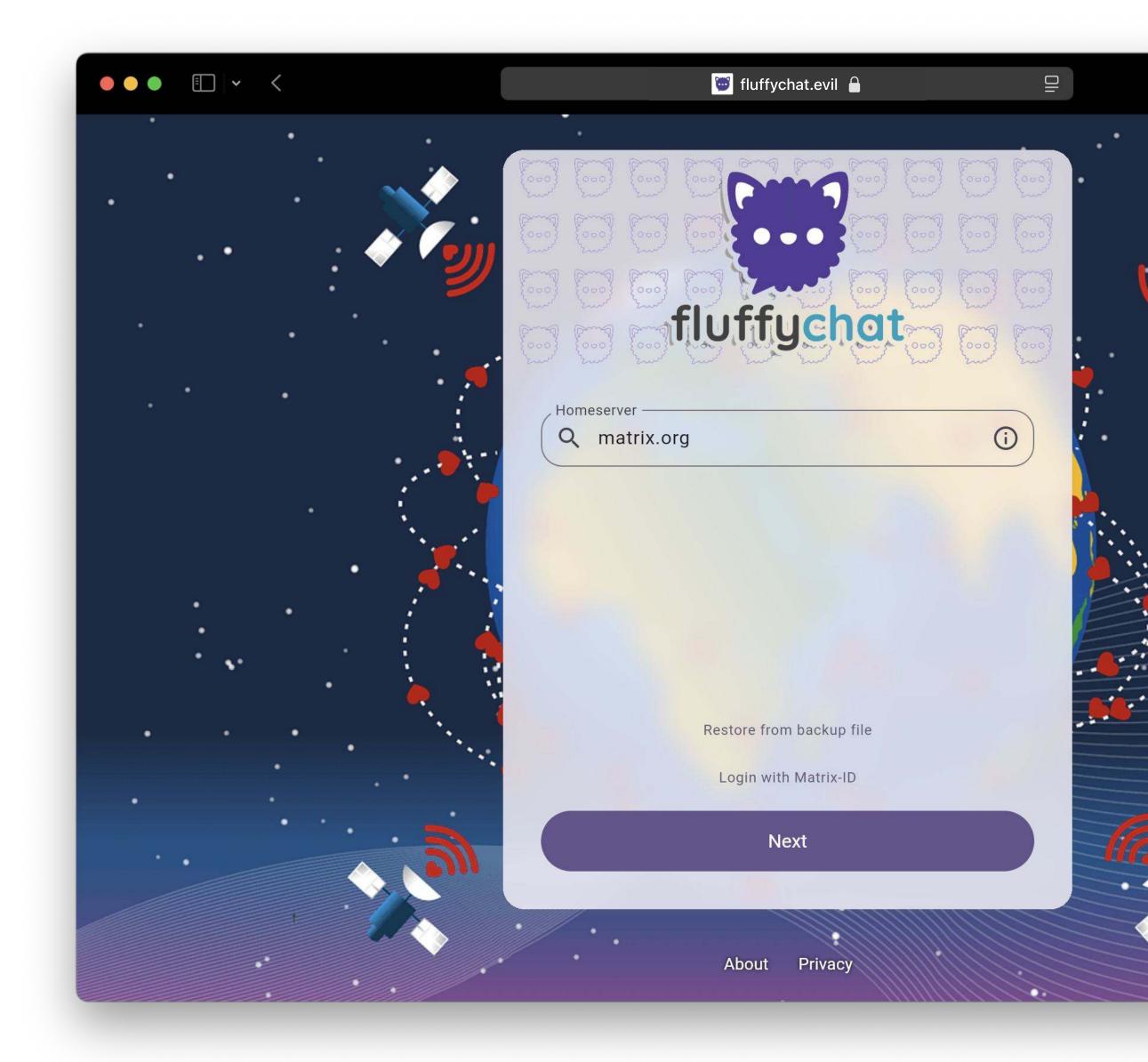


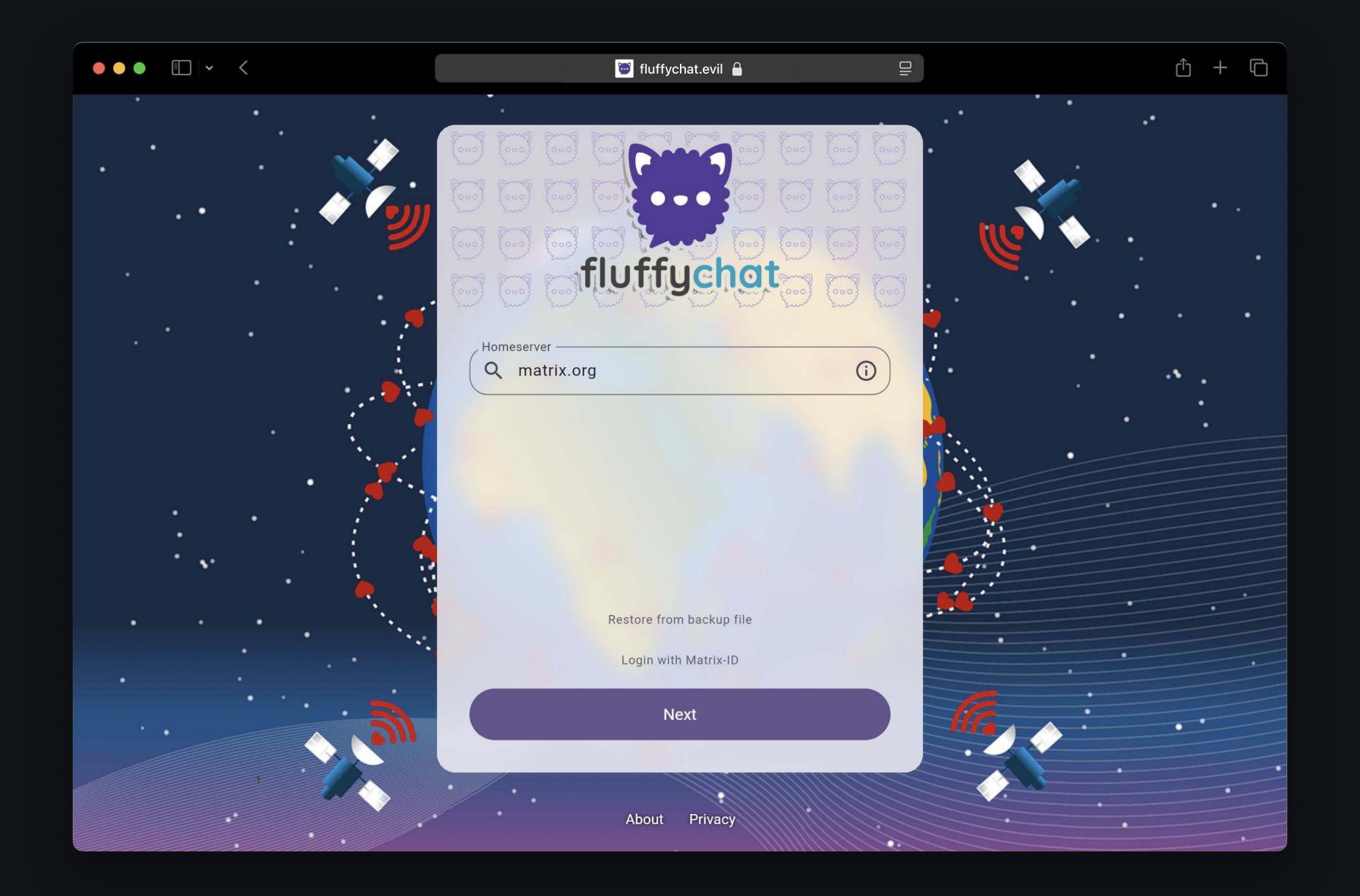


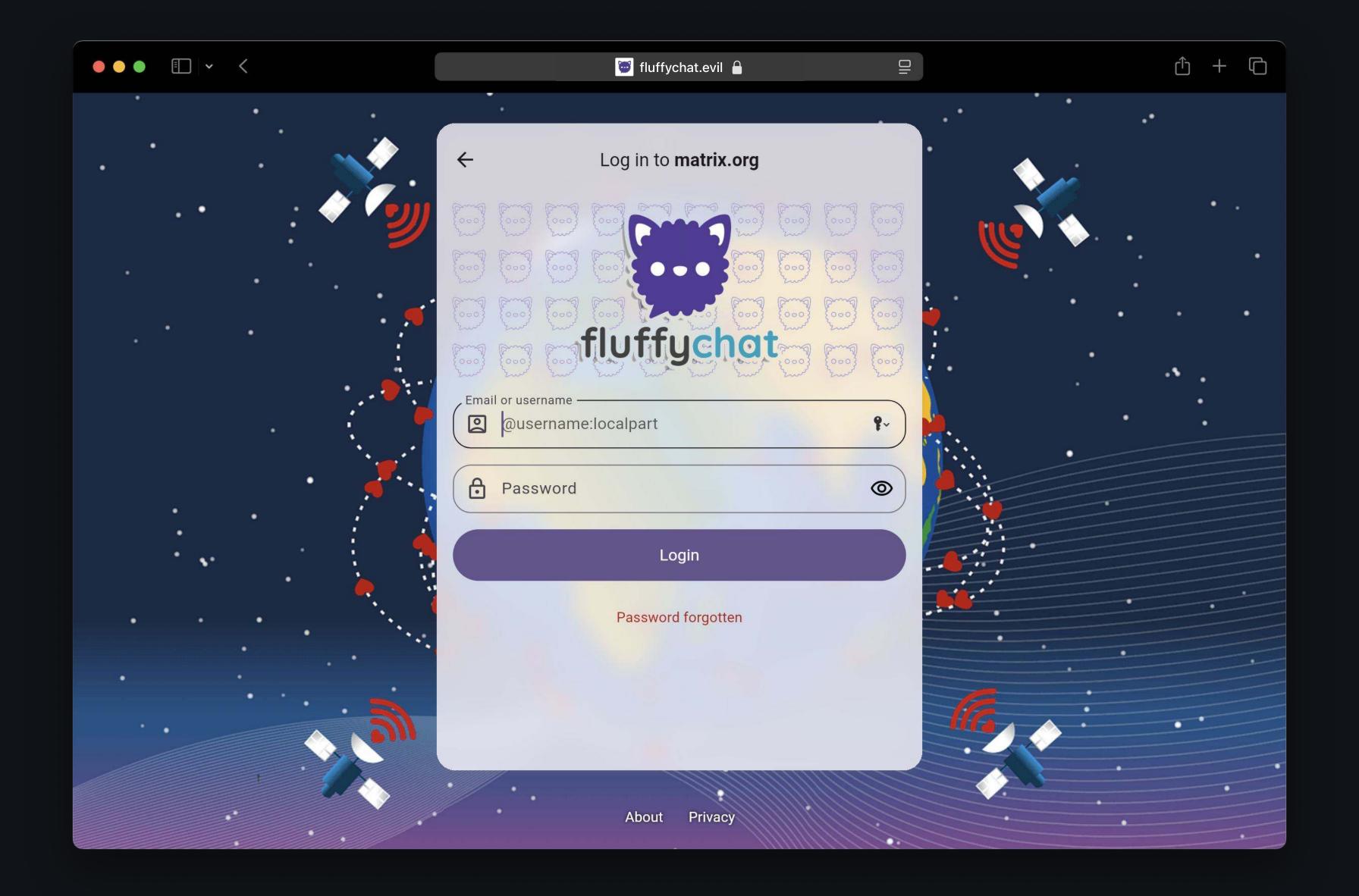


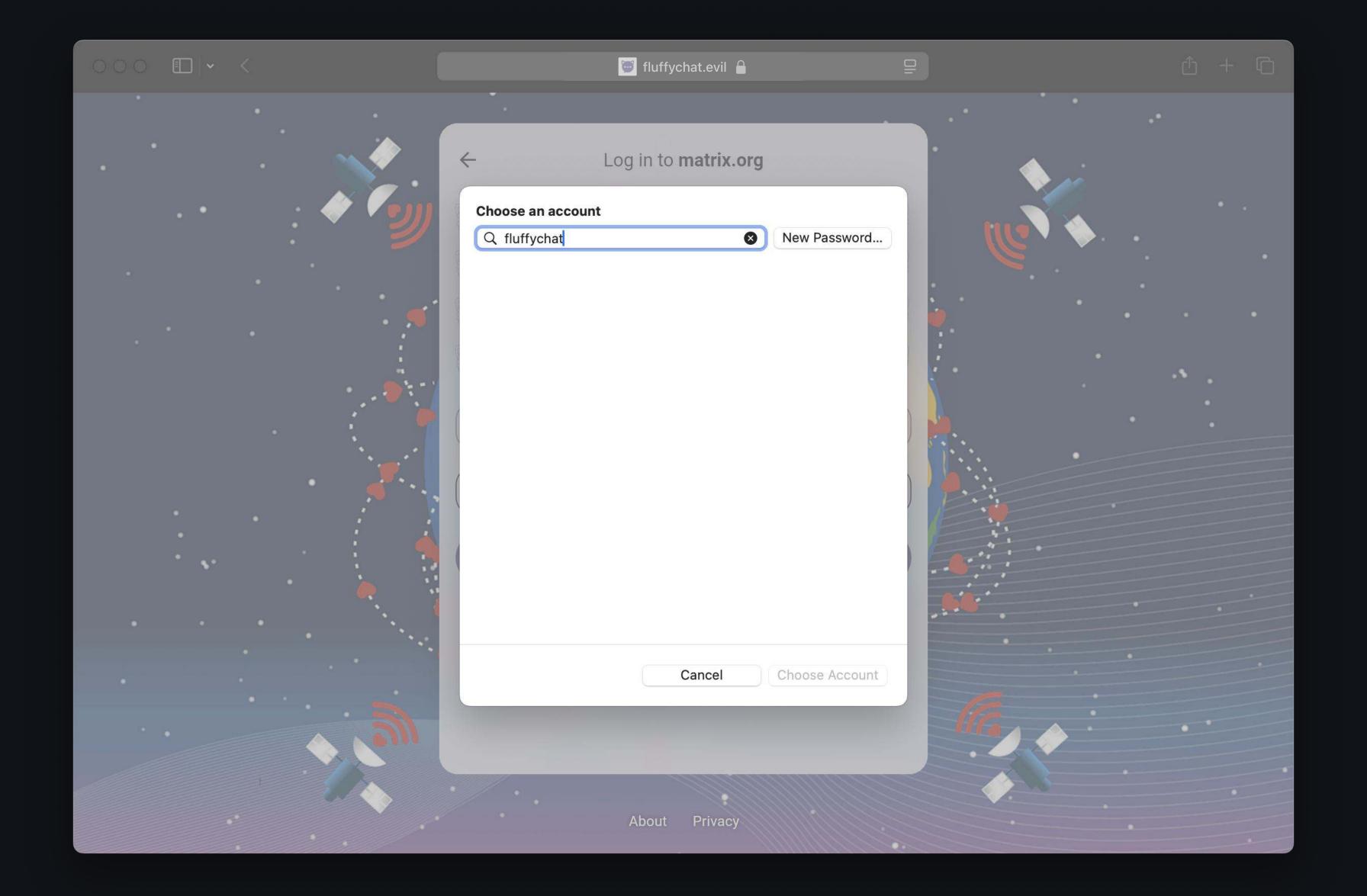
And on Matrix.org?

How does a login look like on the current authentication stack?







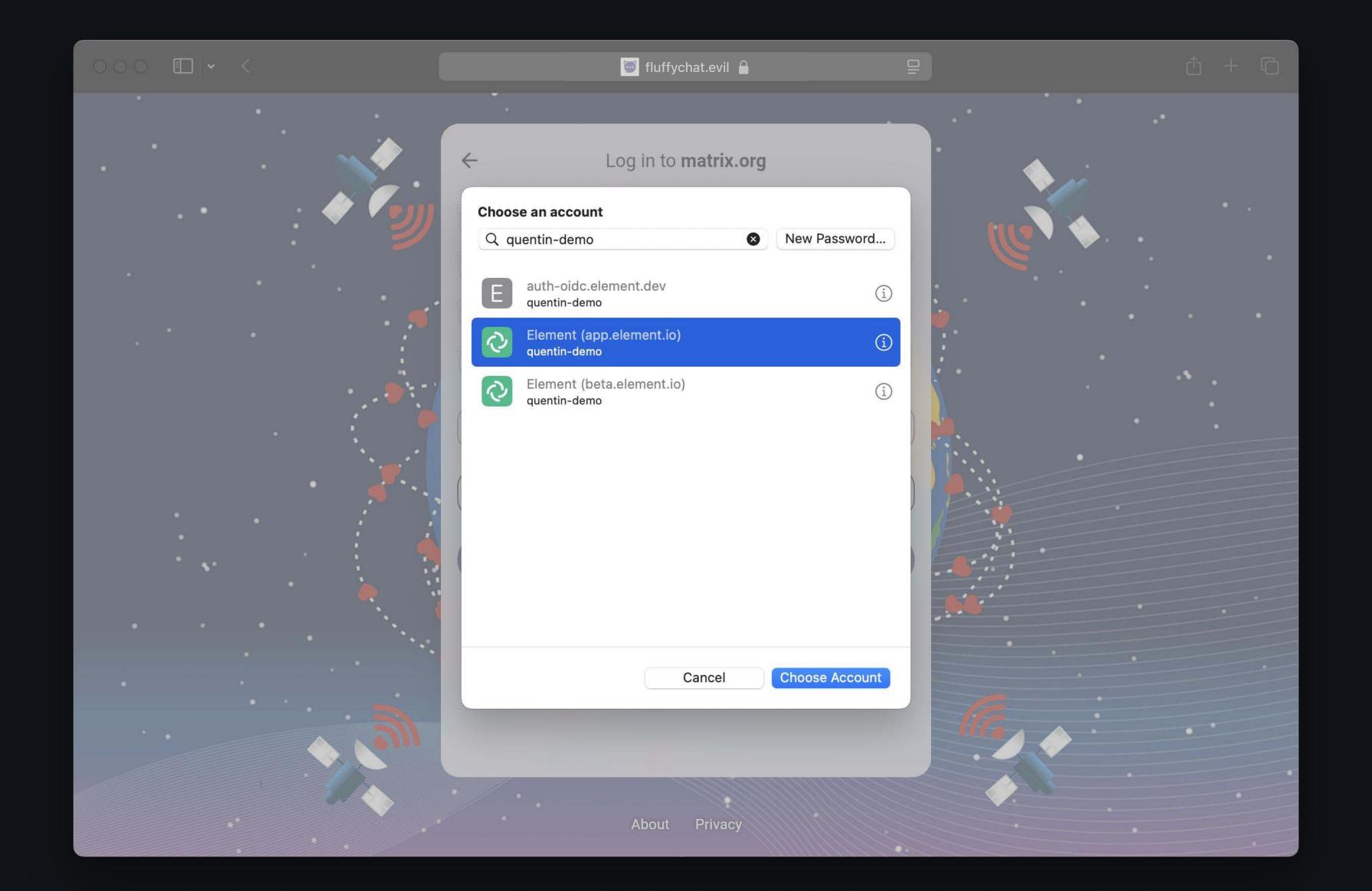


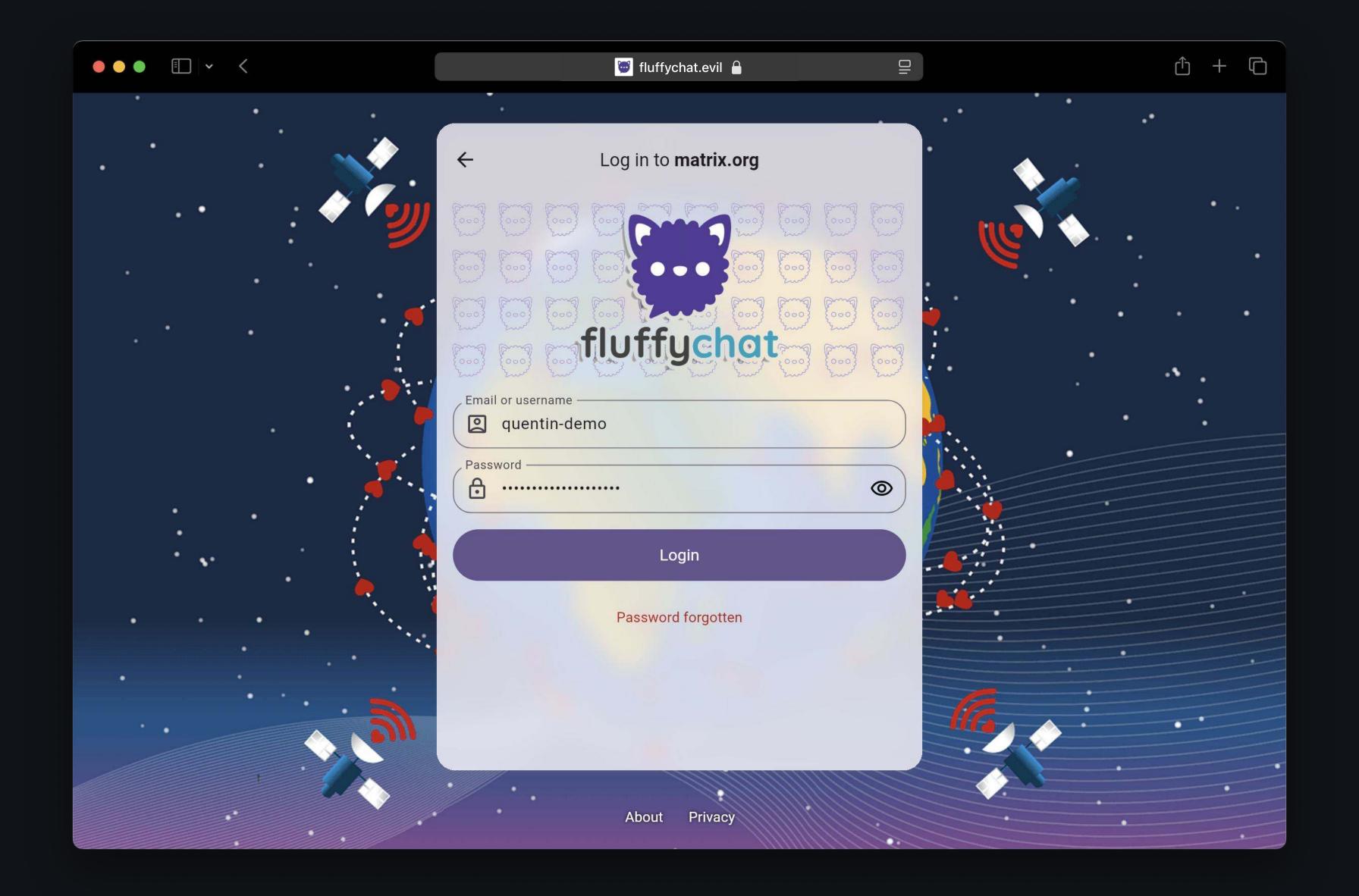
Issue #2: Credentials are bound to the domain

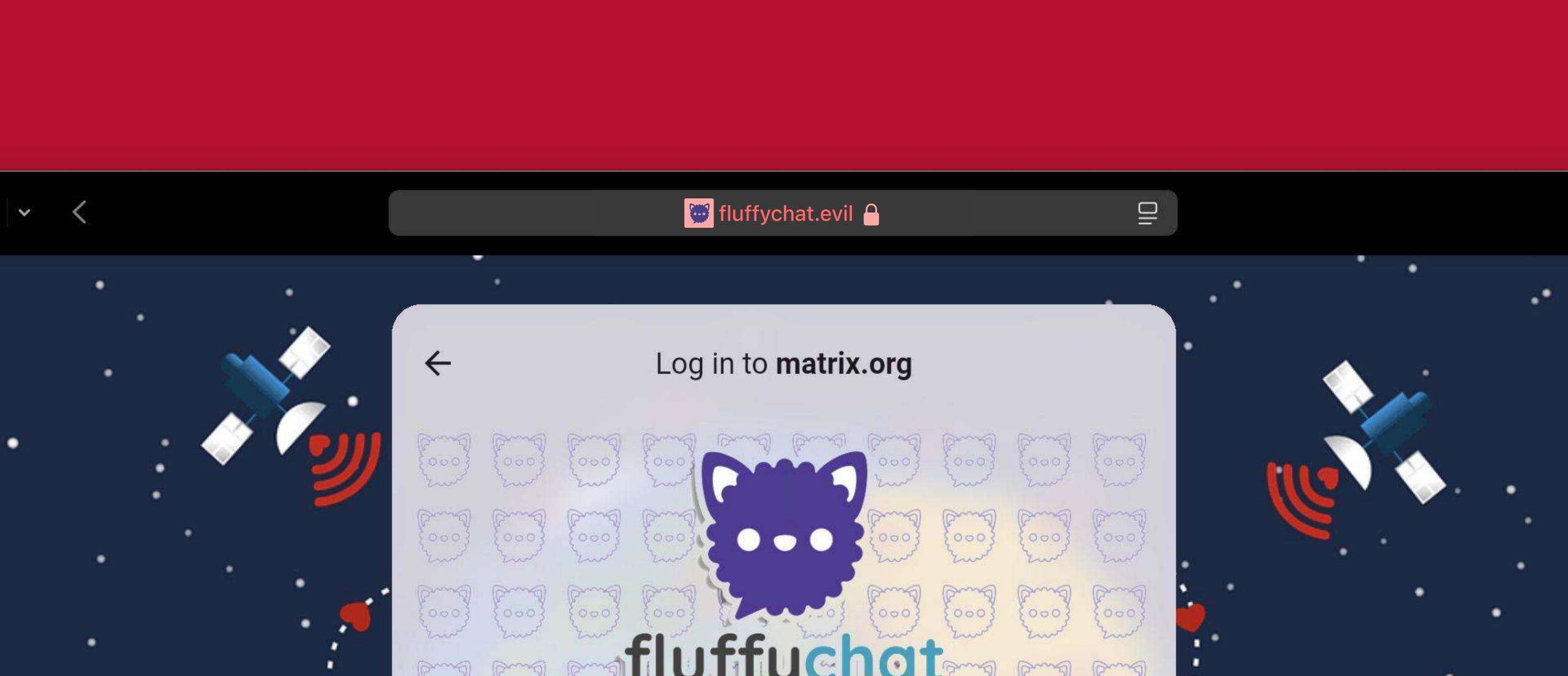
Your credentials are supposed to be bound to the **service** and **not the client**

Password managers don't behave well

CAPTCHAs, Passkeys, client certificates are all **bound to the domain**







Are destructive actions really protected?

Deactivating the account, changing **email addresses**, changing **password** are supposed to be protected by UIA.
On matrix.org, that means **re-submitting the password**

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Can't restrict access to the client

If the client has full access over the credentials, we can't design anything that gives restricted access to a client.

We cannot give partial access to the account, to a subset of rooms, to a specific room type, etc.

Issue #1:
Auth steps
are dynamic

Issue #2:
Credentials are
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Issue #1:
Auth steps
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Issue #2: Credentials are bound to the domain

Auth through the browser fixes this

The server can present any kind of browser-based UI, in a streamlined and coherent way

Issue #1:
Auth steps
are dynamic

Credentials are bound to the **domain of the service** instead of the domain of the client

Issue #2:
Credentials are
bound to the domain

Clients don't see the full credentials.

The user enters them in a Ul

controlled by the service

Matrix already has m.login.sso

- 1. The client redirects to the homeserver to start the authentication
- 2. The homeserver authenticates the user
- 3. It redirects back to the client with a single-use code
- 4. The client exchanges that code to get an access token

This mechanism is simple yet powerful

Me: mom can we have through the browser

Mom: no, we have through at home the browser

at home: m.login.sso

m.login.sso is a bad limited version of the OAuth 2.0 authorisation code grant

OAuth 2.0

The industry-standard authorisation **framework**, developed within the **IETF** OAuth Working Group

OpenID Connect

An identity layer on top of OAuth 2.0, helping with better interoperability, developed by the OpenID Foundation

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They are building blocks

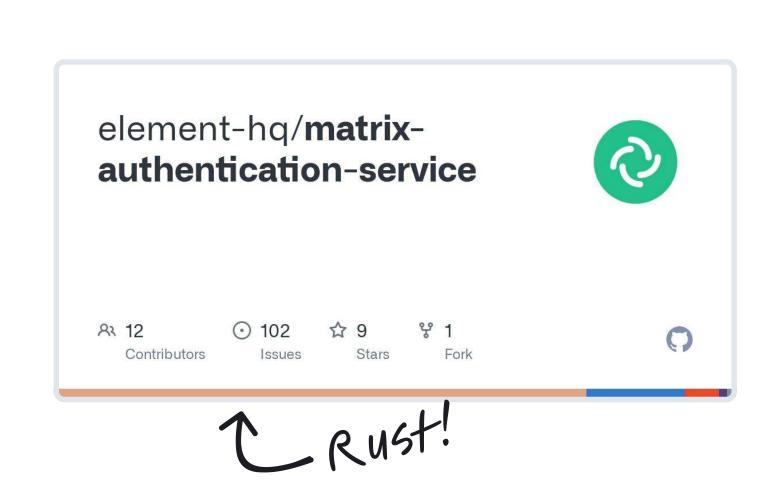
We need to define a *profile* on top of them:

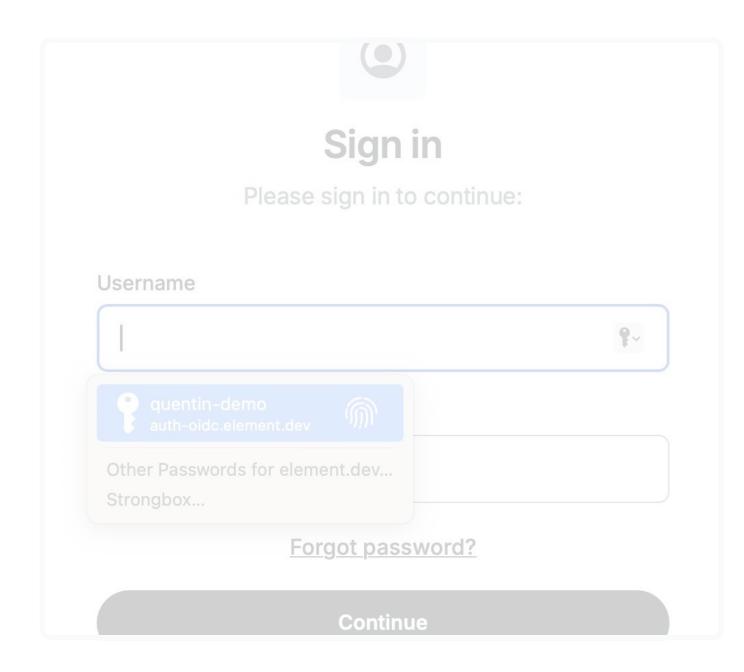
- what homeservers and clients
 must support to be compliant
- how we model Matrix concepts with them

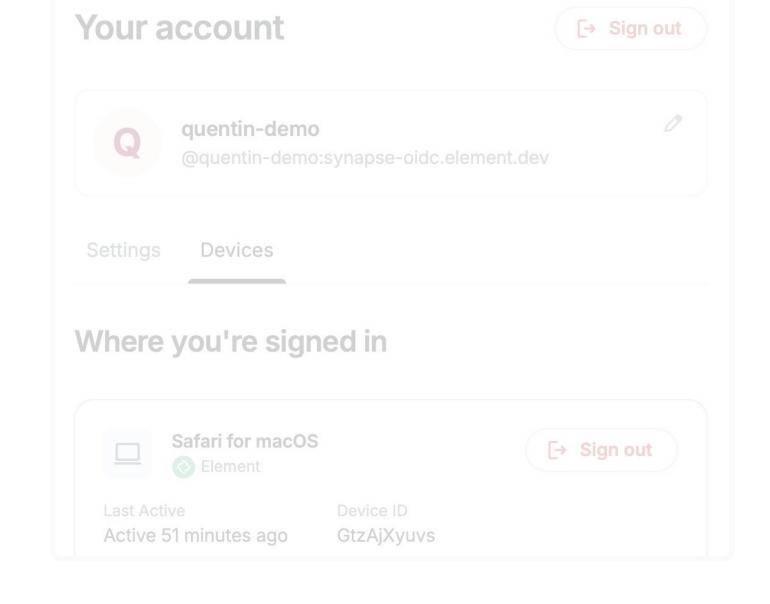
Cover many use cases

- browser-based flow with the authorisation code grant
- authorise on another device with the device code grant
- "service account" use cases
 with the client credentials grant

Or: how 2940 commits and 80k lines of code later, we fixed auth.







Rewrite from the ground-up

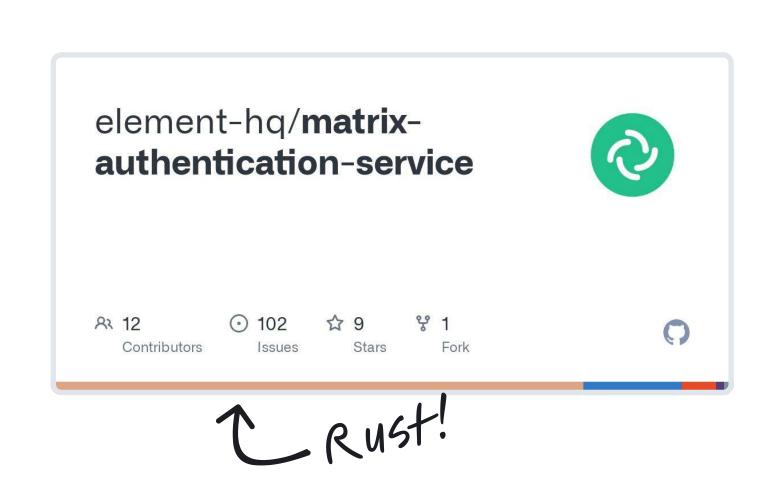
Complete rewrite of Synapse's auth logic Focused on a good auth UX Could be used by other homeservers

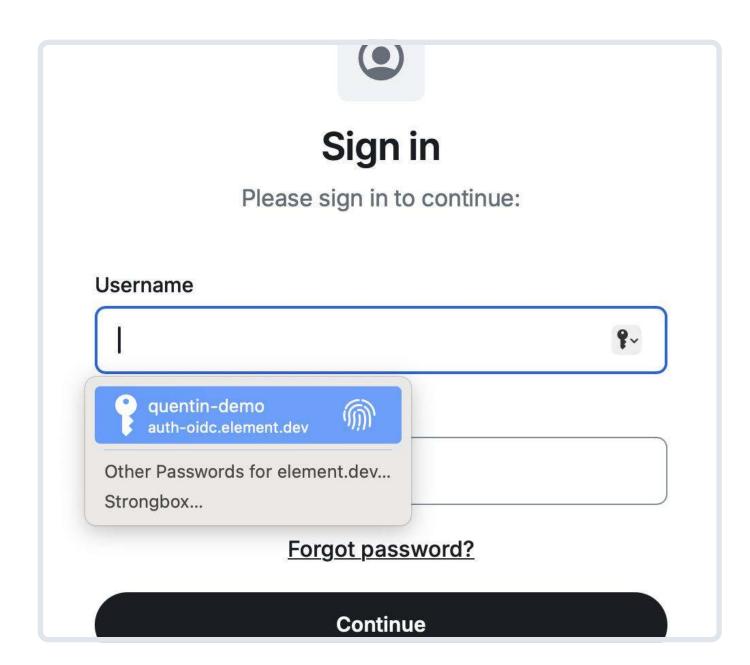
Main flow is browser-based

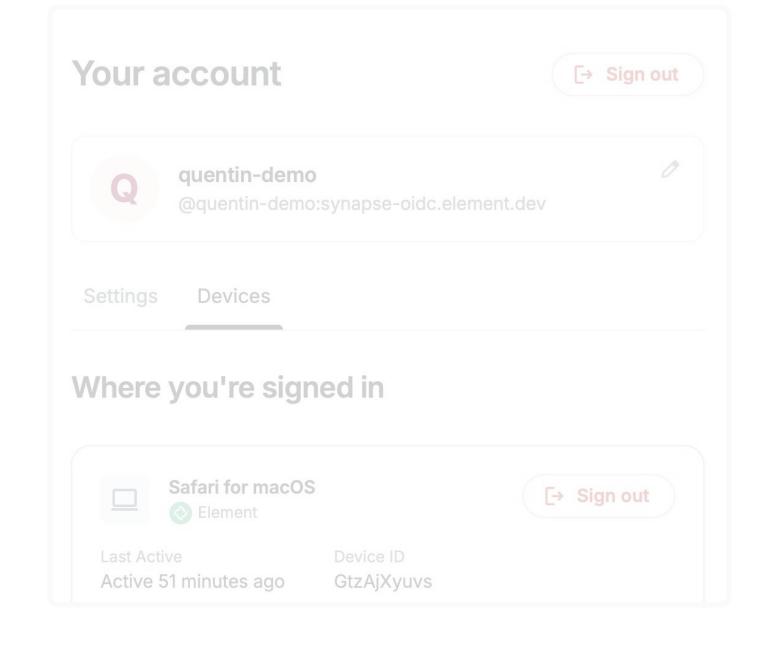
Even for local-password authentication, making password managers 'just work' Registration flow is ** delightful **

Account management Ul

Dedicated **Ul for managing your sessions**, password, email addresses, etc.







Rewrite from the ground-up

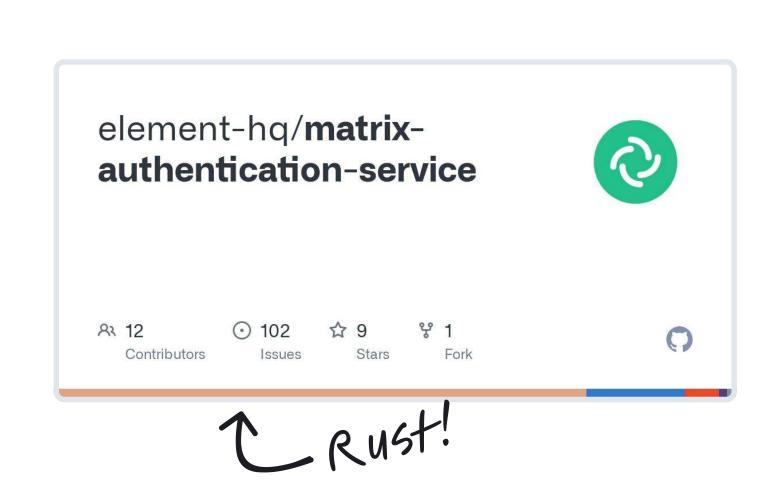
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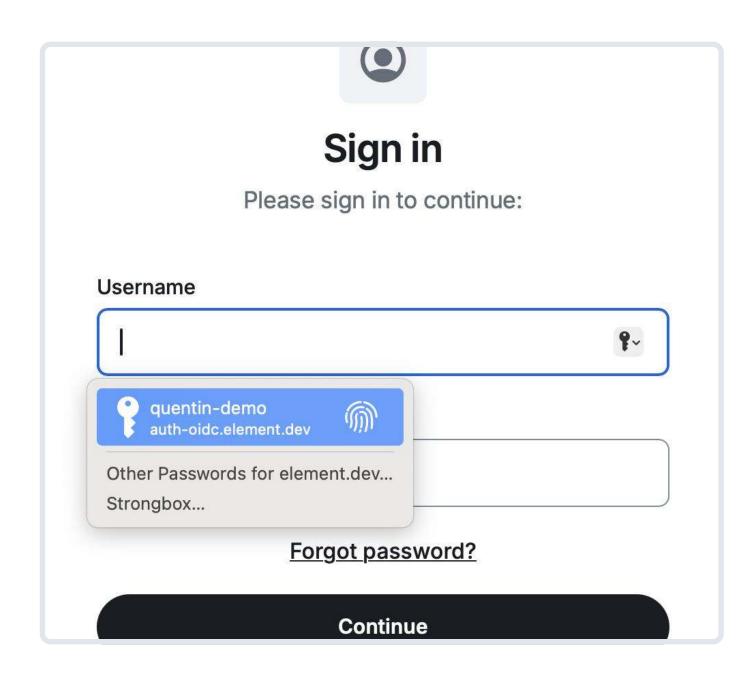
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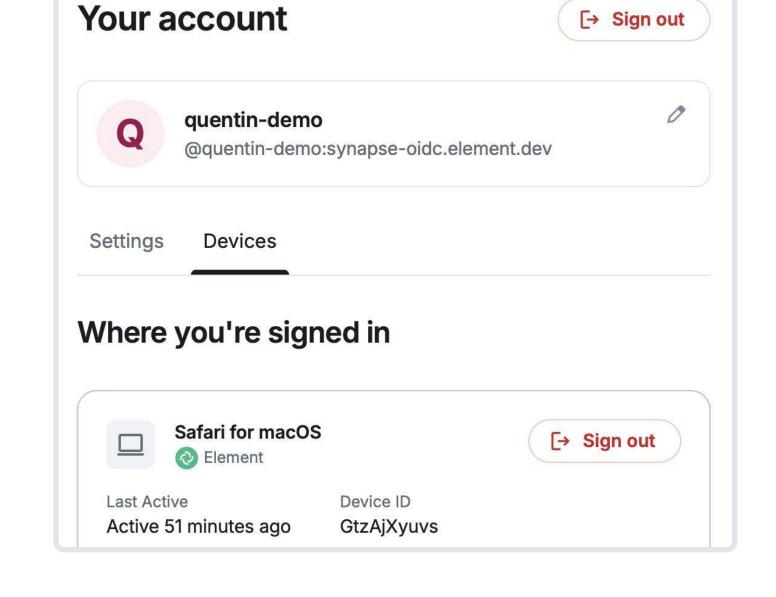
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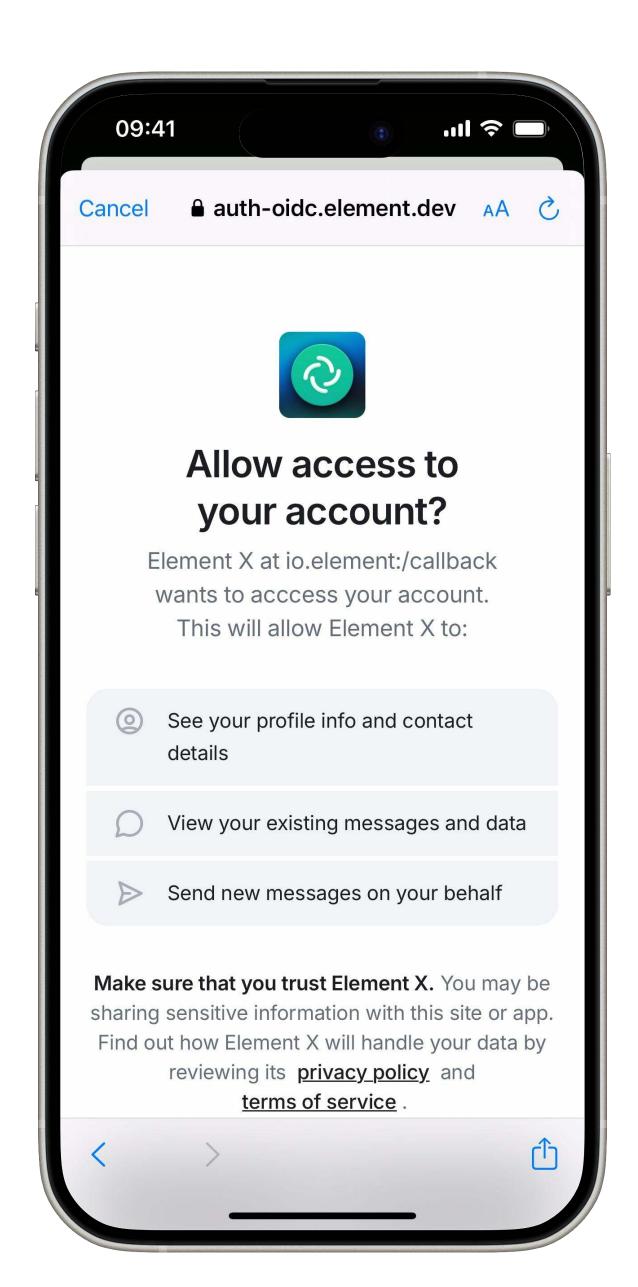
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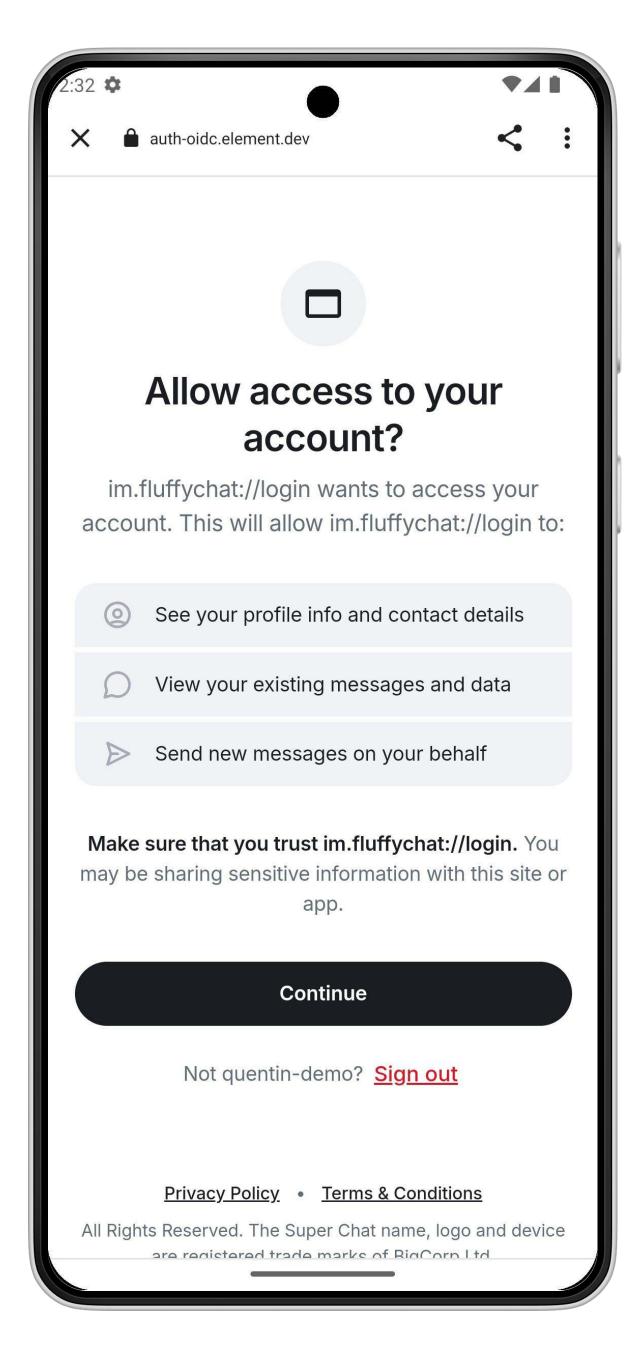
Account management UI

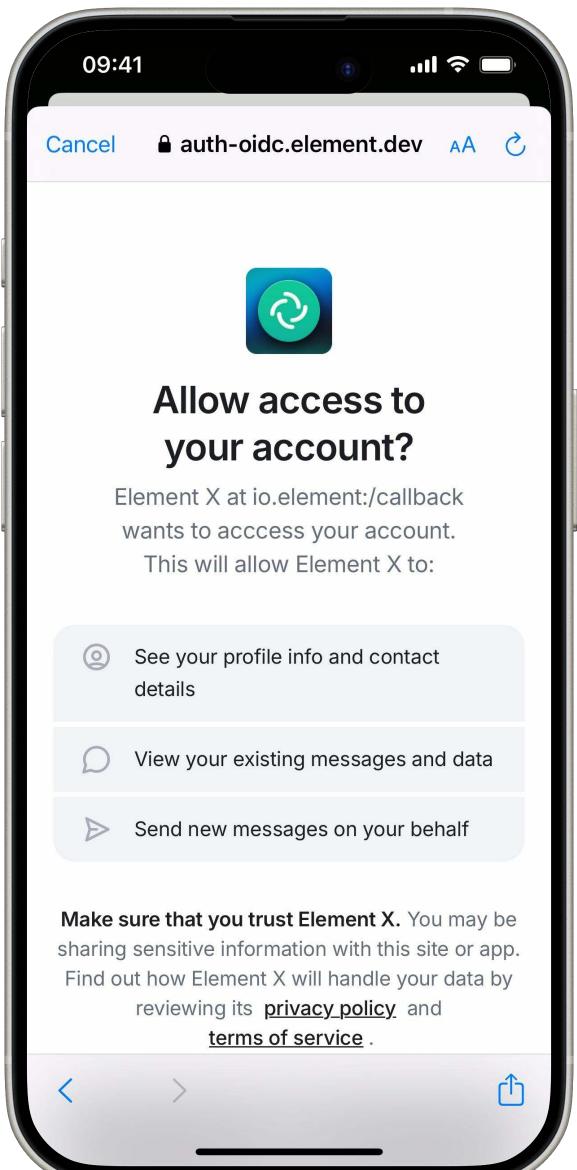
Dedicated **UI for managing your sessions**, password, email addresses, etc.

Works with most clients out of the box

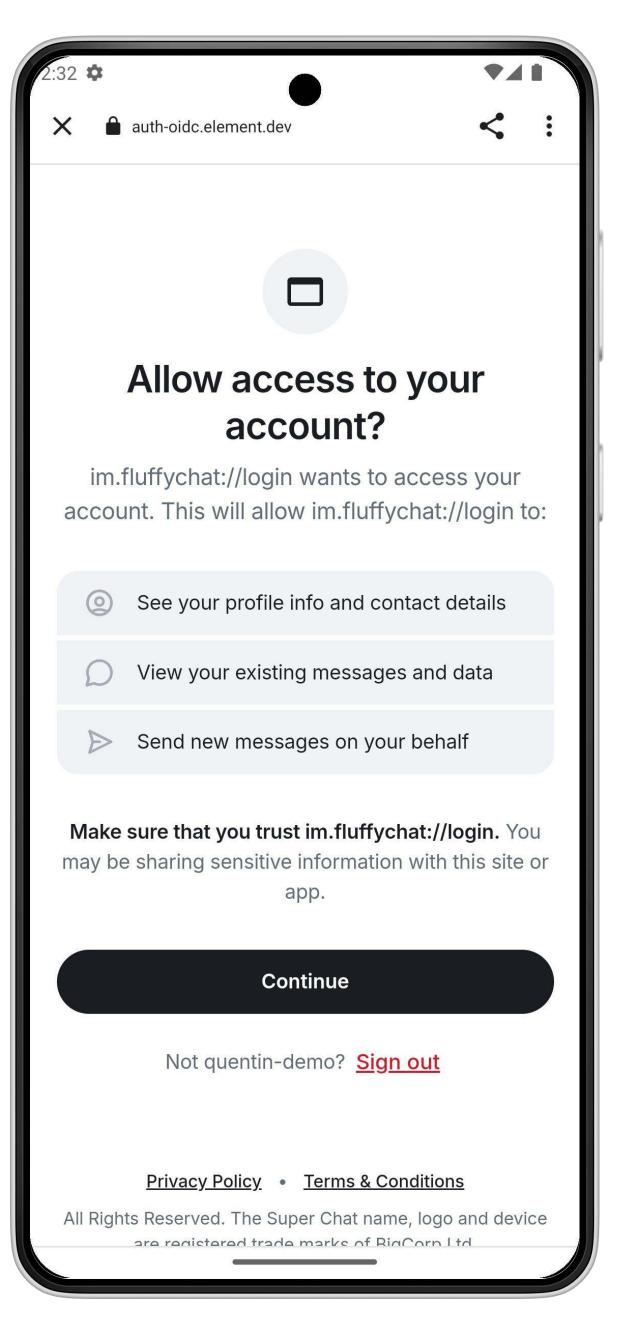
Supports both **m.login.sso** and the new **OAuth 2.0-based** flows

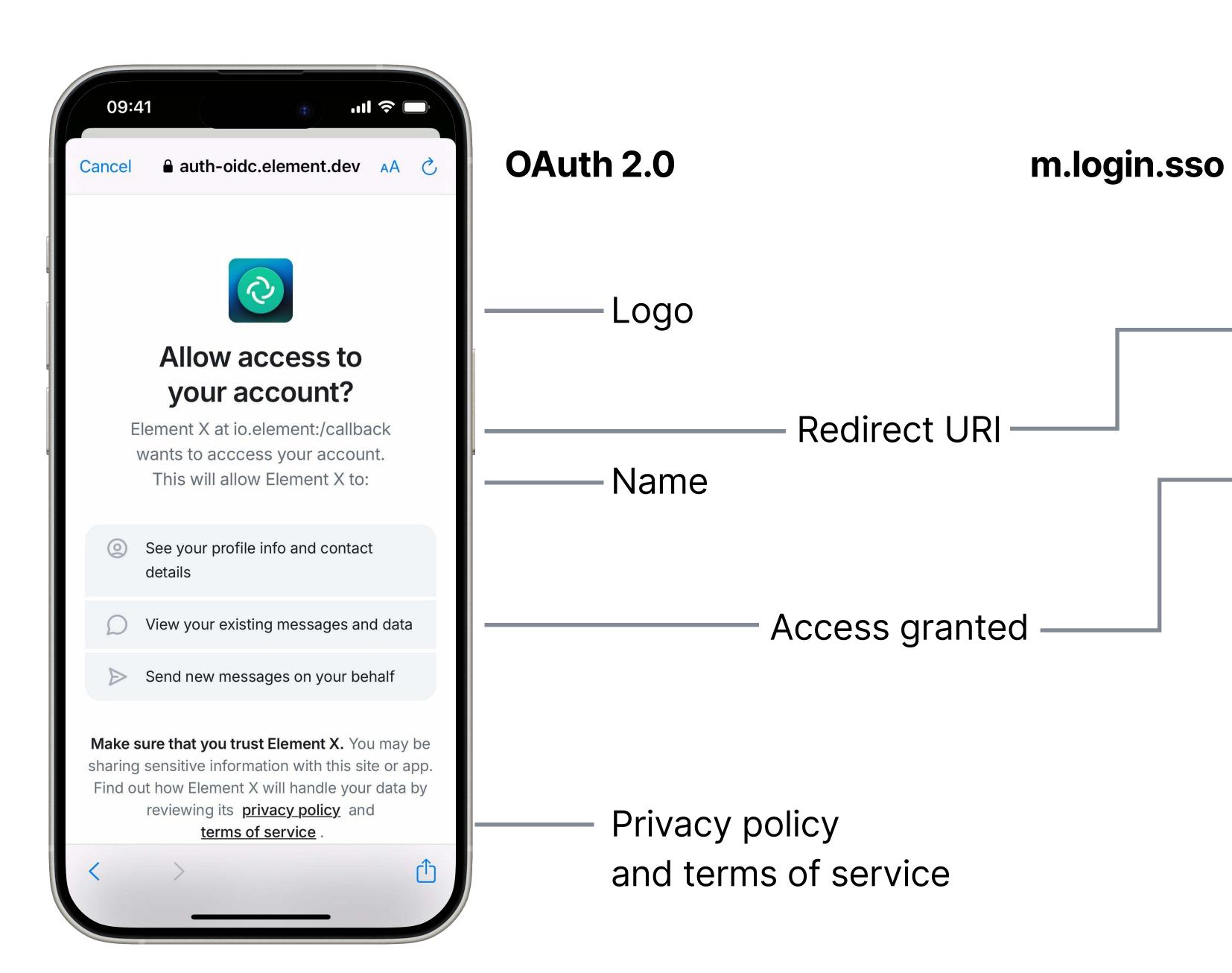


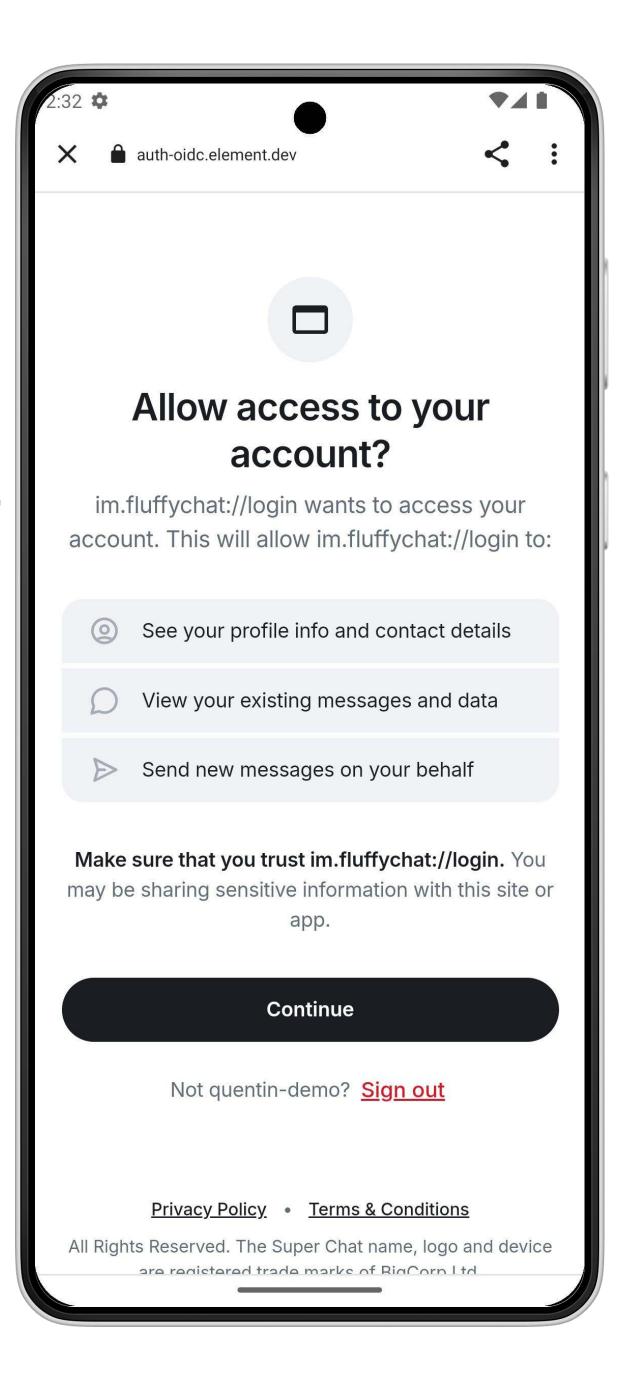




m.login.sso OAuth 2.0 Redirect URI -Access granted







Protocol improvements over legacy auth

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Regarding user-experience

- Rich client metadata
- Can return to the client with an error
- Can initiate the flow with different intents

Protocol improvements over legacy auth

Regarding user-experience

- Rich **client metadata**
- Can return to the client with an error
- Can initiate the flow with different intents

Regarding security

- Strict redirect URL checks
- Protection against redirect hijacks
- Scoped access tokens
- Short-lived access tokens

Key takeaways

What protocol changes we're proposing

Authentication through the browser makes the most sense

Many credentials are domain bound & having each authentication step handled by the client doesn't scale well

We're moving Matrix to use an OAuth 2.0/OIDC-based auth system

UIA was a good idea, but too complex in practice.

OAuth 2.0 gives us mature building blocks to replace it.

Matrix isn't an account-management and authentication protocol

It currently takes a significant portion of the spec, even though it is not the core of the project

Key takeaways

On matrix-authentication-service

It is a rewrite from the ground-up

In addition to the better, more modern and secure APIs, we thought of a better user-experience from the beginning

It replaces part of Synapse

It's not 'just' an OpenID Connect/OAuth 2.0 provider, but really the rewrite of Synapse's internal auth system

We'll gradually make it easier to run

The long-term goal is to be a part of Synapse, and make the upgrade as simple as a regular Synapse upgrade

MSC3861 Next-generation auth for Matrix, based on OAuth 2.0/OIDC

MSC3861
Next-generation
auth for Matrix

MSC3861 Next-generation auth for Matrix

MSC2964 "how to login"

Defines how clients should leverage OAuth 2.0 authorization grant to gain access to the account

MSC2966 "client tells about itself"

Defines how clients send metadata about themselves, and what we are enforcing

MSC3861 Next-generation auth for Matrix

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MSC2966 "client tells about itself"

Defines how clients send metadata about themselves, and what we are enforcing

MSC2965 "discover server params"

Servers have different features and endpoints, this uses OIDC Discovery to discover the "auth server metadata"

MSC2967 "base for scoped access"

Opens up the space for scoped access, but only specifies an "access to everything" scope for now

Support the existing ecosystem

MSC4911 to link to account-management pages

Account management is getting out of the client, this lets you link to it

MSC3824 for guidelines for existing clients

Filling some gaps to make sure you can provide a good enough experience

MSC4190 to make encrypted ASes work without /login

/login doesn't really work for application services and MAS, this fills the gap to work around that

Features to support other existing use cases

Some features don't have to be an MSC. Need an access token for a bot? MAS should have a feature for that

What about the future?

MSC4108 signs you in and sets up E2EE with a QR code

Based on the OAuth 2.0 Device Code Grant *My boss loves showing off that demo!*

Widget as Matrix clients

We can now give restricted scopes, what if widgets were just regular Matrix clients?

Client credentials grant for application services

Replace the "hs_token" and "as_token" shared secrets with asymmetric keys

Restricted API scopes

We now have the base to give restricted access to a subset of resource

Can I have it?

An overview of where we're at, and a rough timeline

What is ready today

- MAS support with Synapse
- Basic migration tool
- Comprehensive **MSCs**
- Solid documentation
- Local password accounts
- Upstream **OIDC SSO**
- beta.matrix.org
- Available in the

Element Server Suite

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What we are working on

- Get the MSCs to FCP
- Missing features for open homeservers
- Migrate matrix.org
- Better migration tools
- Features for bots and automation use cases

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What we are working on

- Get the MSCs to FCP
- Missing features for open homeservers
- Migrate matrix.org
- Better migration tools
- Features for bots and automation use cases

What isn't ready yet

- Community deployment tools
- Community server admin tools
- Encryption for Application Services
- Other homeserver implementations
- Existing clients support
 Next-gen auth capable clients

Get in touch!

MSC3861 areweoidcyet.com #matrix-auth:matrix.org

C New client impl. guide!

github.com/element-hq/matrix-authentication-service